# SECTION 000101 - PROJECT TITLE PAGE

# MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

# WHEELCHAIR LIFT REPLACEMENT FOR SPRINGBROOK HIGH SCHOOL - AUDITORIUM

201 VALLEY BROOK DRIVE SILVER SPRING, MD 20904

PROJECT #: 24-003.00 PERMIT/BID SET ISSUE APRIL 26, 2024





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#### **SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY**

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Unless otherwise noted, Contractor shall provide and pay for labor, materials, equipment, tools, construction machinery, transportation, and other facilities and services necessary for proper execution and completion of Work required by Contract Documents.
- B. Work of Contract can be summarized by reference to Contract, General Conditions, specification sections as listed in "Table of Contents" bound herewith, drawings as listed in "Schedule of Drawings" bound herewith, addenda and modifications to Contract Documents issued subsequent to initial printing of project specifications and including but not necessarily limited to printed matter referenced by any of these. It is recognized that Work of Contract may be affected or influenced by governing regulations, natural phenomenon including weather conditions, and other forces outside Contract Documents. General contractor will be responsible for supervising and coordinating work that has to be performed by Contractor or Subcontractors.
- C. General Contractor shall include all costs to perform and document inspections, observations, surveys, and measurements required to prepare complete and accurate As-Built Plans, provide required certifications, and obtain approval thereof from Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services in its bid.
- D. This project includes removal and replacement of an existing wheelchair lift and an added wheelchair lift at Springbrook High School. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and services necessary for and incidental to the wheelchair lift replacement scope of work described in specification Section 144200 including selective demolition of existing wheelchair lift, general building components, and replacement as further specified herein. All work shall be bid as lump sum as indicated on the drawings and specifications. Work shall be coordinated with the Owner and completed in the time frame dictated by the Owner. Work is further described as follow:
  - 1. Site Summary: The existing site is home to Springbrook High School. The building will remain operational during construction of this project and will continue to operate in the same capacity after this project is complete. There is no sitework included in this project.
  - 2. The Owner will be occupying the entire existing school building, following a normal school schedule for the 2023-2024 school year. All work of this project is to be complete prior to the start of the 2024-2025 school year. It is imperative that the Contractor understand the access, operational, safety and utility requirements of the Owner during the occupied periods. All work located on the interior and exterior of the building, and/or affecting occupied areas shall be completed at no disturbance to students or MCPS staff and teachers. Work at the existing building shall be completed during non-school hours primarily over summer vacation, or as directed by the Owner. All utility outages shall be coordinated with the Owner and occur during unoccupied periods.
  - 3. During the construction period, all deliveries and construction traffic must be coordinated with school activities and use.
  - 4. New Work: is indicated on the contract documents and includes architectural, structural, and electrical work.
    - a. Architectural work includes, but is not limited to, removal and replacement of the existing wheelchair lift in the orchestra pit and related equipment, removal and replacement of all associated doors and gates in the hoistway, two new vertical platform lifts (one for the pit and one for the stage), and select new finish systems.

- b. Structural work includes selective demolition of existing slab and stage, installation of new slabs, masonry walls and lintel at new masonry opening.
- Select electrical systems are to be upgraded/modified to support the new wheelchair lift equipment.

#### 1.02 WORK BY OWNER OF SEPARATE CONTRACTOR

A. Not applicable.

#### 1.03 HOUSEKEEPING

# A. Fire protection during construction

- 1. Provide and maintain hand fire extinguishers suitable for fire hazard involved at convenient accessible locations during construction.
  - a. Provide each storage location with at least one approved portable fire extinguisher having a rating of not less than 20 B: C.
  - b. Place portable extinguishers rated not less than 2A so that maximum travel distance to the nearest exit shall not exceed 100 feet.
- 2. Avoid accumulation of flammable debris and waste within the building and vicinity. Avoid large and unnecessary accumulations of combustible forms and form lumber. Keep lumber stacked in an orderly manner.
- 3. Store flammable or volatile liquids in the open or in small, detached structures or trailers. Handle liquids with low flash points to be used within the building in approved safety cans. Supervise closely the storage of paint materials and other combustible finishing and cleaning products. Do not permit oily rags to be stored in closets or other tight permanent spaces.
- 4. Prohibit smoking on school property.
- 5. Closely supervise welding and torch cutting operations near combustible materials.
- 6. Supervise locations and operation of temporary portable heating units and fuel.
- 7. Use only fire-resistant building paper, plastic sheet, and tarpaulins for temporary protection.
- 8. Do not store combustible material outdoors within 10 feet of a building or structure.
- 9. Do not use gasoline for cleaning within the building under any circumstances.
- 10. Take other precautions suitable for hazardous conditions at the site to prevent fire.

# B. Burning

1. Do not burn any trash or other material on site.

# C. Clean Up

1. The contractor is responsible for cleanup of the adjacent rooms and areas used for next day's normal school activities that occur inside and outside the construction containment spaces. All cleaning is to be provided by a professional cleaning services contractor and OWNER only acceptable standard is "White Glove Clean."

# 1.04 SALVAGE RIGHTS

A. The contractor shall coordinate with the Owner on the disposal of salvageable items. The Owner has first rights to all salvageable materials. In order to avoid Owner induced delays, a duration limit of up to 5-7 working days for Owner's reclamation of salvage items shall apply

unless written extension is submitted.

B. All items not claimed by the Owner for salvage shall become the responsibility of the Contractor for removal.



# **SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES**

# PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Procedural requirements for proposed substitutions.

#### 1.02 DEFINITIONS

- A. Substitutions: Changes from Contract Documents requirements proposed by Contractor to materials, products, assemblies, and equipment.
  - 1. Substitutions for Cause: Proposed due to changed Project circumstances beyond Contractor's control.
    - a. Unavailability.
  - 2. Substitutions for Convenience: Proposed due to possibility of offering substantial advantage to the Project.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. A Substitution Request for products, assemblies, materials, and equipment constitutes a representation that the submitter:
  - 1. Has investigated proposed product and determined that it meets or exceeds the quality level of the specified product, equipment, assembly, or system.
  - 2. Agrees to provide the same warranty for the substitution as for the specified product.
  - 3. Agrees to coordinate installation and make changes to other work that may be required for the work to be complete, with no additional cost to Owner.
  - 4. Waives claims for additional costs or time extension that may subsequently become apparent.
  - 5. Agrees to reimburse Owner and Architect for review or redesign services associated with re-approval by authorities.
- B. Document each request with complete data substantiating compliance of proposed substitution with Contract Documents. Burden of proof is on proposer.
  - 1. Note explicitly any non-compliant characteristics.
- C. Content: Include information necessary for tracking the status of each Substitution Request, and information necessary to provide an actionable response.
  - 1. No specific form is required. Contractor's Substitution Request documentation must include the following:
    - a. Project Information:
      - 1) Official project name and number, and any additional required identifiers established in Contract Documents.
      - 2) Owner's, Architect's, and Contractor's names.
    - b. Substitution Request Information:
      - Discrete and consecutive Substitution Request number, and descriptive subject/title.

- 2) Indication of whether the substitution is for cause or convenience.
- 3) Issue date.
- 4) Reference to particular Contract Document(s) specification section number, title, and article/paragraph(s).
- 5) Description of Substitution.
- 6) Reason why the specified item cannot be provided.
- 7) Differences between proposed substitution and specified item.
- 8) Description of how proposed substitution affects other parts of work.
- c. Attached Comparative Data: Provide point-by-point, side-by-side comparison addressing essential attributes specified, as appropriate and relevant for the item:
- d. Impact of Substitution:
  - 1) Savings to Owner for accepting substitution.
  - 2) Change to Contract Time due to accepting substitution.
- D. Limit each request to a single proposed substitution item.
  - 1. Submit an electronic document, combining the request form with supporting data into single document.

# 3.02 RESOLUTION

- A. Architect may request additional information and documentation prior to rendering a decision. Provide this data in an expeditious manner.
- B. Architect will notify Contractor in writing of decision to accept or reject request.
  - Architect's decision following review of proposed substitution will be noted on the submitted form.

# 3.03 ACCEPTANCE

A. Accepted substitutions change the work of the Project. They will be documented and incorporated into work of the project by Change Order, Construction Change Directive, Architectural Supplementary Instructions, or similar instruments provided for in the Conditions of the Contract.

# **SECTION 013000 - ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS**

# PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General administrative requirements.
- B. Electronic document submittal service.
- C. Preconstruction meeting.
- D. Progress meetings.
- E. Construction progress schedule.
- F. Progress photographs.
- G. Coordination drawings.
- H. Submittals for review, information, and project closeout.
- I. Number of copies of submittals.
- J. Requests for Interpretation (RFI) procedures.
- K. Submittal procedures.

# 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Individual requirements for submittals may be described in Divisions 2 through 26 of these Specifications.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. AIA G716 - Request for Information; 2004.

# 1.04 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for coordination of execution of administrative tasks with timing of construction activities.
- B. Make the following types of submittals to Architect:
  - 1. Requests for Interpretation (RFI).
  - 2. Requests for substitution.
  - 3. Shop drawings, product data, and samples.
  - 4. Test and inspection reports.
  - 5. Design data.
  - 6. Manufacturer's instructions and field reports.
  - 7. Applications for payment and change order requests.
  - 8. Progress schedules.

- 9. Coordination drawings.
- 10. Correction Punch List and Final Correction Punch List for Substantial Completion.
- 11. Closeout submittals.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTS

- A. All documents transmitted for purposes of administration of the contract are to be in electronic (PDF, MS Word, or MS Excel) format, as appropriate to the document.
  - Besides submittals for review, information, and closeout, this procedure applies to Requests for Interpretation (RFIs), progress documentation, contract modification documents (e.g. supplementary instructions, change proposals, change orders), applications for payment, field reports and meeting minutes, Contractor's correction punchlist, and any other document any participant wishes to make part of the project record.
  - 2. It is Contractor's responsibility to submit documents in allowable format.
  - 3. All other specified submittal and document transmission procedures apply, except that electronic document requirements do not apply to samples or color selection charts.

# 3.02 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

- A. Owner will schedule a meeting after Notice of Award.
- B. Attendance Required:
  - 1. Owner.
  - 2. Architect.
  - Contractor.

# C. Agenda:

- 1. Execution of Owner-Contractor Agreement.
- 2. Submission of executed bonds and insurance certificates.
- Distribution of Contract Documents.
- 4. Submission of list of subcontractors, list of products, schedule of values, and progress schedule.
- 5. Designation of personnel representing the parties to Contract, \_\_\_\_\_ and Architect.
- 6. Procedures and processing of field decisions, submittals, substitutions, applications for payments, proposal request, Change Orders, and Contract closeout procedures.
- 7. Scheduling.
- D. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

# 3.03 PROGRESS MEETINGS

A. Schedule and administer meetings throughout progress of the work at maximum weekly intervals.

- B. Project Coordinator will make arrangements for meetings, prepare agenda with copies for participants, preside at meetings.
- C. Attendance Required:
  - Contractor.
  - Owner.
  - 3. Architect.
  - 4. Contractor's superintendent.
  - 5. Major subcontractors.

# D. Agenda:

- 1. Review minutes of previous meetings.
- 2. Review of work progress.
- 3. Field observations, problems, and decisions.
- 4. Identification of problems that impede, or will impede, planned progress.
- 5. Review of submittals schedule and status of submittals.
- 6. Maintenance of progress schedule.
- 7. Corrective measures to regain projected schedules.
- 8. Planned progress during succeeding work period.
- 9. Maintenance of quality and work standards.
- 10. Effect of proposed changes on progress schedule and coordination.
- 11. Other business relating to work.
- E. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

# 3.04 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULE

- A. Within 10 days after date of the Agreement, submit preliminary schedule defining planned operations for the first 60 days of work, with a general outline for remainder of work.
- B. If preliminary schedule requires revision after review, submit revised schedule within 5 days.
- C. Within 10 days after joint review, submit complete schedule.
- D. Submit updated schedule with each Application for Payment.

# 3.05 PROGRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

- A. Submit new photographs weekly, within 3 days after being taken.
- B. Photography Type: Digital; electronic files.
- C. In addition to periodic, recurring views, take photographs of each of the following events:
  - 1. Completion of site clearing.

- 2. Structural framing in progress and upon completion.
- 3. Final completion, minimum of ten (10) photos.
- D. Digital Photographs: 24 bit color, minimum resolution of 1024 by 768, in JPG format; provide files unaltered by photo editing software.
  - 1. Delivery Medium: Via email.
  - 2. File Naming: Include project identification, date and time of view, and view identification.

# 3.06 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

A. Provide information required by Project Coordinator for preparation of coordination drawings.

# 3.07 REQUESTS FOR INTERPRETATION (RFI)

- A. Preparation: Prepare an RFI immediately upon discovery of a need for interpretation of Contract Documents. Failure to submit a RFI in a timely manner is not a legitimate cause for claiming additional costs or delays in execution of the work.
  - 1. Prepare a separate RFI for each specific item.
  - 2. Prepare in a format and with content acceptable to Owner.
    - a. Use AIA G716 Request for Information .
  - 3. Combine RFI and its attachments into a single electronic file. PDF format is preferred.
- B. Content: Include identifiers necessary for tracking the status of each RFI, and information necessary to provide an actionable response.
  - Official Project name and number, and any additional required identifiers established in Contract Documents.
  - 2. Owner's, Architect's, and Contractor's names.
  - 3. Discrete and consecutive RFI number, and descriptive subject/title.
  - 4. Issue date, and requested reply date.
  - 5. Reference to particular Contract Document(s) requiring additional information/interpretation. Identify pertinent drawing and detail number and/or specification section number, title, and paragraph(s).
  - Annotations: Field dimensions and/or description of conditions which have engendered the request.
- C. Attachments: Include sketches, coordination drawings, descriptions, photos, submittals, and other information necessary to substantiate the reason for the request.
- D. RFI Log: Prepare and maintain a tabular log of RFIs for the duration of the project.
- E. Review Time: Architect will respond and return RFIs to Contractor within 5 calendar days of receipt. For the purpose of establishing the start of the mandated response period, RFIs received after 12:00 noon will be considered as having been received on the following regular working day.
  - 1. Response period may be shortened or lengthened for specific items, subject to mutual agreement, and recorded in a timely manner in progress meeting minutes.

F. Responses: Content of answered RFIs will not constitute in any manner a directive or authorization to perform extra work or delay the project. If in Contractor's belief it is likely to lead to a change to Contract Sum or Contract Time, promptly issue a notice to this effect, and follow up with an appropriate Change Order request to Owner.

# 3.08 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

- A. Submit to Architect for review a schedule for submittals in tabular format.
  - 1. Account for time required for preparation, review, manufacturing, fabrication and delivery when establishing submittal delivery and review deadline dates.
    - a. For assemblies, equipment, systems comprised of multiple components and/or requiring detailed coordination with other work, allow for additional time to make corrections or revisions to initial submittals, and time for their review.

# 3.09 SUBMITTALS FOR REVIEW

- A. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them for review:
  - Product data.
  - 2. Shop drawings.
  - 3. Samples for selection.
  - 4. Samples for verification.
- B. Submit to Architect for review for the limited purpose of checking for compliance with information given and the design concept expressed in Contract Documents.
- C. Samples will be reviewed for aesthetic, color, or finish selection.
- D. After review, provide copies and distribute in accordance with SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES article below and for record documents purposes described in Section 017800 Closeout Submittals.

#### 3.10 SUBMITTALS FOR INFORMATION

- A. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them for information:
  - 1. Design data.
  - Certificates.
  - 3. Test reports.
  - 4. Inspection reports.
  - 5. Manufacturer's instructions.
  - 6. Manufacturer's field reports.
  - 7. Other types indicated.
- B. Submit for Architect's knowledge as contract administrator or for Owner.

#### 3.11 SUBMITTALS FOR PROJECT CLOSEOUT

- A. Submit Correction Punch List for Substantial Completion.
- B. Submit Final Correction Punch List for Substantial Completion.

- C. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them at project closeout in compliance with requirements of Section 017800 Closeout Submittals:
  - 1. Project record documents.
  - 2. Operation and maintenance data.
  - Warranties.
  - 4. Bonds.
  - 5. Other types as indicated.
- D. Submit for Owner's benefit during and after project completion.

# 3.12 NUMBER OF COPIES OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Electronic Documents: Submit one electronic copy in PDF format; an electronically-marked up file will be returned. Create PDFs at native size and right-side up; illegible files will be rejected.
- B. Samples: Submit the number specified in individual specification sections; one of which will be retained by Architect.

#### 3.13 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Use a separate transmittal for each item.
  - 2. Transmit using approved form.
    - a. Use Contractor's form, subject to prior approval by Architect.
  - 3. Sequentially identify each item. For revised submittals use original number and a sequential numerical suffix.
  - 4. Apply Contractor's stamp, signed or initialed certifying that review, approval, verification of products required, field dimensions, adjacent construction work, and coordination of information is in accordance with the requirements of the work and Contract Documents.
  - 5. Deliver each submittal on date noted in submittal schedule, unless an earlier date has been agreed to by all affected parties, and is of the benefit to the project.
    - a. Send submittals in electronic format via email to Architect.
  - 6. Schedule submittals to expedite the Project, and coordinate submission of related items.
    - For each submittal for review, allow 10 days excluding delivery time to and from the Contractor.
  - 7. Identify variations from Contract Documents and product or system limitations that may be detrimental to successful performance of the completed work.
  - 8. Provide space for Contractor and Architect review stamps.
  - 9. When revised for resubmission, identify all changes made since previous submission.
  - 10. Incomplete submittals will not be reviewed, unless they are partial submittals for distinct portion(s) of the work, and have received prior approval for their use.
  - 11. Submittals not requested will not be recognized or processed.
- B. Product Data Procedures:
  - 1. Submit only information required by individual specification sections.

- 2. Collect required information into a single submittal.
- 3. Do not submit (Material) Safety Data Sheets for materials or products unless requested.

# C. Shop Drawing Procedures:

- 1. Prepare accurate, drawn-to-scale, original shop drawing documentation by interpreting Contract Documents and coordinating related work.
- 2. Do not reproduce Contract Documents to create shop drawings.
- 3. Generic, non-project-specific information submitted as shop drawings do not meet the requirements for shop drawings.

# D. Samples Procedures:

- 1. Transmit related items together as single package.
- 2. Identify each item to allow review for applicability in relation to shop drawings showing installation locations.
- 3. Include with transmittal high-resolution image files of samples to facilitate electronic review and approval. Provide separate submittal page for each item image.

#### 3.14 SUBMITTAL REVIEW

- A. Submittals for Review: Architect will review each submittal, and approve, or take other appropriate action.
- B. Submittals for Information: Architect will acknowledge receipt and review. See below for actions to be taken.
- C. Architect's actions will be reflected by marking each returned submittal using virtual stamp on electronic submittals.
  - 1. Notations may be made directly on submitted items and/or listed on appended Submittal Review cover sheet.
  - 2. Until approval has been given by Architect, materials or items shall not be fabricated or incorporated in Work. Architect's approval will be only general in nature and shall not be construed as permitting departure from Contract requirements, or as relieving Contractor of responsibility for any errors concerning details, dimensions, materials, etc. If drawings show variations from Contract requirements because of standard shop practice or for other reasons, Contractor shall describe such variation in letter of transmittal. If acceptable, Architect may approve variations, subject to proper adjustment in Contract price. If Contractor fails to describe such variation, Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for executing Work in accordance with Contract, even though such drawings have been approved.
  - 3. Acceptance shall not be construed as a complete check but will indicate only that design, fabrication, and detailing is consistent with design intent and that errors and discrepancies observed when reviewed have been noted. Acceptance of a separate item shall not be interpreted as an approval of an assembly in which the item functions. The Owner or Architect reserves the right to require submission of additional detail, shop, erection or setting drawings and of any schedules for any part of Work, whether or not specifically mentioned in Project Specifications, where substitutions or modifications are proposed by Contractor, or where such information is essential to proper assembly, coordination, or execution of Work under Contract.

4. Review and acceptance shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for errors in shop drawings or for proper coordination assembly of materials and equipment with other Work, nor from responsibility of furnishing materials and labor not indicated on approved shop drawings but required by Contract Documents for completion of Work.

# **SECTION 017800 - CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS**

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- Project record documents.
- B. Operation and maintenance data.
- C. Materials transparency manual.
- D. Warranties and bonds.

# 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 007200 General Conditions and 007300 Supplementary Conditions: Performance bond and labor and material payment bonds, warranty, and correction of work.
- B. Section 013000 Administrative Requirements: Submittals procedures, shop drawings, product data, and samples.
- C. Individual Product Sections: Specific requirements for operation and maintenance data.
- D. Individual Product Sections: Warranties required for specific products or Work.

#### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

Α	Project Record Documents:	Submit documents to Architect	

- B. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. For equipment, or component parts of equipment put into service during construction and operated by Owner, submit completed documents within ten days after acceptance.
  - 2. Submit one copy of completed documents 15 days prior to final inspection. This copy will be reviewed and returned after final inspection, with Architect comments. Revise content of all document sets as required prior to final submission.
  - 3. Submit two sets of revised final documents in final form within 10 days after final inspection.

# C. Materials Transparency Manual:

1. Compile and submit a digital version of information disclosing materials content for interior finishes. Meet IWBI (BS) requirements for format and content.

#### D. Warranties and Bonds:

- 1. For equipment or component parts of equipment put into service during construction with Owner's permission, submit documents within 10 days after acceptance.
- 2. Make other submittals within 10 days after Date of Substantial Completion, prior to final Application for Payment.
- For items of Work for which acceptance is delayed beyond Date of Substantial Completion, submit within 10 days after acceptance, listing the date of acceptance as the beginning of the warranty period.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. Maintain on site one set of the following record documents; record actual revisions to the Work:
  - 1. Drawings.
  - 2. Specifications.
  - 3. Addenda.
  - 4. Change Orders and other modifications to the Contract.
  - 5. Reviewed shop drawings, product data, and samples.
  - 6. Manufacturer's instruction for assembly, installation, and adjusting.
- B. Ensure entries are complete and accurate, enabling future reference by Owner.
- C. Store record documents separate from documents used for construction.
- D. Record information concurrent with construction progress.
- E. Specifications: Legibly mark and record at each product section description of actual products installed, including the following:
  - 1. Manufacturer's name and product model and number.
  - 2. Product substitutions or alternates utilized.
  - 3. Changes made by Addenda and modifications.
- F. Record Drawings and Shop Drawings: Legibly mark each item to record actual construction including:
  - 1. Field changes of dimension and detail.
  - 2. Details not on original Contract drawings.

# 3.02 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Product Data: Mark each sheet to clearly identify specific products and component parts, and data applicable to installation. Delete inapplicable information.
- B. Drawings: Supplement product data to illustrate relations of component parts of equipment and systems, to show control and flow diagrams. Do not use Project Record Documents as maintenance drawings.
- C. Typed Text: As required to supplement product data. Provide logical sequence of instructions for each procedure, incorporating manufacturer's instructions.

# 3.03 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA FOR EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

- A. For Each Item of Equipment and Each System:
  - 1. Description of unit or system, and component parts.
  - 2. Identify function, normal operating characteristics, and limiting conditions.
  - 3. Complete nomenclature and model number of replaceable parts.

- B. Where additional instructions are required, beyond the manufacturer's standard printed instructions, have instructions prepared by personnel experienced in the operation and maintenance of the specific products.
- C. Operating Procedures: Include start-up, break-in, and routine normal operating instructions and sequences. Include regulation, control, stopping, shut-down, and emergency instructions. Include summer, winter, and any special operating instructions.
- D. Maintenance Requirements: Include routine procedures and guide for preventative maintenance and trouble shooting; disassembly, repair, and reassembly instructions; and alignment, adjusting, balancing, and checking instructions.
- E. Provide servicing and lubrication schedule, and list of lubricants required.
- F. Include manufacturer's printed operation and maintenance instructions.
- G. Include sequence of operation by controls manufacturer.
- H. Provide original manufacturer's parts list, illustrations, assembly drawings, and diagrams required for maintenance.
- I. Provide control diagrams by controls manufacturer as installed.
- J. Provide list of original manufacturer's spare parts, current prices, and recommended quantities to be maintained in storage.
- K. Additional Requirements: As specified in individual product specification sections.

#### 3.04 ASSEMBLY OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Assemble operation and maintenance data into durable manuals for Owner's personnel use, with data arranged in the same sequence as, and identified by, the specification sections.
- B. Tables of Contents: List every item separated by a divider, using the same identification as on the divider tab; where multiple volumes are required, include all volumes Tables of Contents in each volume, with the current volume clearly identified.
- C. Dividers: Provide tabbed dividers for each separate product and system; identify the contents on the divider tab; immediately following the divider tab include a description of product and major component parts of equipment.

# 3.05 WARRANTIES AND BONDS

- A. Obtain warranties and bonds, executed in duplicate by responsible Subcontractors, suppliers, and manufacturers, within 10 days after completion of the applicable item of work. Except for items put into use with Owner's permission, leave date of beginning of time of warranty until Date of Substantial completion is determined.
- B. Verify that documents are in proper form, contain full information, and are notarized.
- C. Co-execute submittals when required.
- D. Retain warranties and bonds until time specified for submittal.
- E. In addition to standard and special warranties described in Divisions 2 through 26, Contractor shall warrant Work included in this project, for a minimum period of two (2) years following acceptance of a Certificate of Substantial Completion by Owner, to cover performance, material, workmanship, and compliance with Contract Documents.

- F. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve Contractor of warranty on Work that incorporates products, nor do they relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with Contractor.
- G. Related Damages and losses: When correcting warranted work that has failed, remove, and replace other Work that has been damaged as a result of such failure or that must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of Warranted Work.
- H. Reinstatement of Warranty: When Work covered by a warranty has failed and been corrected by replacement or rebuilding, reinstate warranty by written endorsement. Reinstated warranty shall be equal to original warranty with an equitable adjustment for depreciation.
- I. Replacement Cost: Upon determination that Work covered by a warranty has failed, re- place or rebuild the Work to an acceptable condition complying with requirements of Con- tract Documents. Contractor is responsible for cost of replacing or rebuilding defective Work regardless of whether Owner has benefited from use of Work through a portion of its anticipated useful service life.
- J. Owner's Recourse: Written warranties made to Owner are in addition to implied warranties, and shall not be limit duties, obligations, rights, and remedies otherwise available un- der law, nor shall warranty periods be interpreted as limitations on time in which Owner can enforce such other duties, obligations, rights, or remedies.
  - 1. Rejection of Warranties: Owner reserves right to reject warranties and to limit selections of products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of contract Documents.
- K. Owner reserves right to refuse to accept Work for project where a special warranty, certification, of similar commitment is required on such Work or part of Work, until evidence is presented that entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.

# **SECTION 017900 - DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING**

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Demonstration of products and systems to be commissioned and where indicated in specific specification sections.
- B. Training of Owner personnel in operation and maintenance is required for:
  - 1. All software-operated systems.
  - 2. HVAC systems and equipment.
  - 3. Plumbing equipment.
  - 4. Electrical systems and equipment.
  - 5. Conveying systems.
  - 6. Items specified in individual product Sections.
- C. Training of Owner personnel in care, cleaning, maintenance, and repair is required for:
  - 1. Finishes, including flooring, wall finishes, ceiling finishes.
  - 2. Items specified in individual product Sections.

# 1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures; except:
  - 1. Make commissioning submittals on time schedule specified by Commissioning Authority.
  - 2. Submittals indicated as "Draft" are intended for the use of the Commissioning Authority in preparation of overall Training Plan; submit in editable electronic format, Microsoft Word 2003 preferred.
- B. Training Manuals: Provide training manual for each attendee; allow for minimum of two attendees per training session.
  - 1. Include applicable portion of O&M manuals.
  - 2. Include copies of all hand-outs, slides, overheads, video presentations, etc., that are not included in O&M manuals.
  - 3. Provide one extra copy of each training manual to be included with operation and maintenance data.

# 1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Instructor Qualifications: Familiar with design, operation, maintenance and troubleshooting of the relevant products and systems.
  - 1. Provide as instructors the most qualified trainer of those contractors and/or installers who actually supplied and installed the systems and equipment.
  - 2. Where a single person is not familiar with all aspects, provide specialists with necessary qualifications.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 DEMONSTRATION - GENERAL

- A. Demonstrations conducted during system start-up do not qualify as demonstrations for the purposes of this section, unless approved in advance by Owner.
- B. Demonstrations conducted during Functional Testing need not be repeated unless Owner personnel training is specified.
- C. Demonstration may be combined with Owner personnel training if applicable.
- D. Operating Equipment and Systems: Demonstrate operation in all modes, including start-up, shut-down, seasonal changeover, emergency conditions, and troubleshooting, and maintenance procedures, including scheduled and preventive maintenance.
  - 1. Perform demonstrations not less than two weeks prior to Substantial Completion.
  - 2. For equipment or systems requiring seasonal operation, perform demonstration for other season within six months.
- E. Non-Operating Products: Demonstrate cleaning, scheduled and preventive maintenance, and repair procedures.
  - 1. Perform demonstrations not less than two weeks prior to Substantial Completion.

# **SECTION 024100 - DEMOLITION**

# PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Selective demolition of existing building elements for alteration purposes.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Demolition: Dismantle, raze, destroy or wreck any building or structure or any part thereof.
- B. Remove and dispose: Detach or dismantle items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off site, unless items are indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- C. Remove and Salvage: Detach or dismantle items from existing construction in a manner to prevent damage. Clean, package, label and deliver salvaged items to Owner in ready-for-reuse condition.
- D. Remove and Reinstall: Detach or dismantle items from existing construction in a manner to prevent damage. Clean and prepare for reuse and reinstall where indicated.
- E. Existing to Remain: Designation for existing items that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled. Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition.

#### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Proposed dust-control measures.
- B. Proposed noise-control measures.
- C. Schedule of selective demolition activities indicating the following:
  - Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity.
- D. Photographs or videotape, sufficiently detailed, of existing conditions of adjoining construction and site improvements that might be misconstrued as damage caused by selective demolition operations.
- E. Landfill records indicating receipt and acceptance of all wastes by a landfill facility licensed to accept such wastes.

# 1.05 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Conform to applicable code for demolition work and dust control.
- B. Obtain required permits from authorities.
- C. Do not close or obstruct egress width to any building or site exit. Do not close or obstruct roadways.

- D. Conform to procedures applicable when hazardous or contaminated materials are discovered.
- E. Conform to applicable code for demolition of structures, safety of adjacent structures, dust control, runoff control, and disposal.
- F. Project Record Documents: Accurately record actual locations of capped and active utilities and subsurface construction.

#### 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Demolition Firm Qualifications: Engage an experienced firm that has successfully completed selective demolition Work similar to that indicated for this Project.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before starting selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Pre-demolition Conference: Conduct conference with Owner at Project site prior to beginning demolition work.

# 1.07 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Owner assumes no responsibility for actual condition of buildings to be selectively demolished.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- C. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site will not be permitted unless agreed upon in advance by the Owner.
- D. Conduct demolition to minimize interference with adjacent and occupied building areas.
- E. Cease operations immediately if structure appears to be in danger and notify Architect/Engineer. Do not resume operations until directed.
- F. Existing Utilities: Locations of existing utilities are approximate. Locations have been determined from field survey, public utility records and Owner records.
  - 1. Contractor shall be responsible for contacting "Miss Utility", Owner or controlling agencies of existing utilities within construction area for verification of locations and marking of utilities, prior to beginning of work.
  - 2. Contractor shall be responsible for coordination of utility relocation or removal by others with phases of construction activities.

PART 2 PRODUCTS -- NOT USED PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 GENERAL PROCEDURES AND PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Comply with applicable codes and regulations for demolition operations and safety of adjacent structures and the public.
  - 1. Obtain required permits.
  - Take precautions to prevent catastrophic or uncontrolled collapse of structures to be removed; do not allow worker or public access within range of potential collapse of unstable structures.
  - 3. Provide, erect, and maintain temporary barriers and security devices.

- 4. Use physical barriers to prevent access to areas that could be hazardous to workers or the public.
- 5. Conduct operations to minimize effects on and interference with adjacent structures and occupants.
- Do not close or obstruct roadways or sidewalks without permits from authority having jurisdiction.
- Conduct operations to minimize obstruction of public and private entrances and exits. Do
  not obstruct required exits at any time. Protect persons using entrances and exits from
  removal operations.
- 8. Obtain written permission from owners of adjacent properties when demolition equipment will traverse, infringe upon, or limit access to their property.
- B. Do not begin removal until receipt of notification to proceed from Owner.
- C. Do not begin removal until built elements to be salvaged or relocated have been removed.
- D. Protect existing structures and other elements to remain in place and not removed.
  - 1. Provide bracing and shoring.
  - 2. Prevent movement or settlement of adjacent structures.
  - 3. Stop work immediately if adjacent structures appear to be in danger.
  - 4. Protect existing flooring to remain with minimum 1/2" plywood sheets.
- E. Minimize production of dust due to demolition operations. Do not use water if that will result in ice, flooding, sedimentation of public waterways or storm sewers, or other pollution.
- F. Hazardous Materials:
  - 1. If hazardous materials are discovered during removal operations, stop work and notify Architect and Owner; hazardous materials include regulated asbestos containing materials, lead, PCBs, and mercury.
- G. Perform demolition in a manner that maximizes salvage and recycling of materials.
  - 1. Dismantle existing construction and separate materials.
  - 2. Set aside reusable, recyclable, and salvageable materials; store and deliver to collection point or point of reuse.

# 3.02 EXISTING UTILITIES

- A. Coordinate work with utility companies. Notify utilities before starting work, comply with their requirements, and obtain required permits.
- B. Protect existing utilities to remain from damage.
- C. Do not disrupt public utilities without permit from authority having jurisdiction.
- D. Do not close, shut off, or disrupt existing life safety systems that are in use without at least 7 days prior written notification to Owner.
- E. Do not close, shut off, or disrupt existing utility branches or take-offs that are in use without at least 3 days prior written notification to Owner.

- F. Locate and mark utilities to remain; mark using highly visible tags or flags, with identification of utility type; protect from damage due to subsequent construction, using substantial barricades if necessary.
- G. Remove exposed piping, valves, meters, equipment, supports, and foundations of disconnected and abandoned utilities.
- H. Prepare building demolition areas by disconnecting and capping utilities outside the demolition zone. Identify and mark, in same manner as other utilities to remain, utilities to be reconnected.

#### 3.03 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION FOR ALTERATIONS

- A. Existing construction and utilities indicated on drawings are based on casual field observation and existing record documents only.
  - 1. Verify construction and utility arrangements are as indicated.
  - 2. Report discrepancies to Architect before disturbing existing installation.
  - 3. Beginning of demolition work constitutes acceptance of existing conditions that would be apparent upon examination prior to starting demolition.
- B. Separate areas in which demolition is being conducted from areas that remain occupied.
  - Provide, erect, and maintain temporary dustproof partitions of construction specified in Section 015000.
- C. Remove existing work as indicated and required to accomplish new work.
  - Remove rotted wood, corroded metals, and deteriorated masonry and concrete; replace with new construction indicated.
  - 2. Remove items indicated on drawings.
- D. Services including, but not limited to, HVAC, Plumbing, Fire Protection, Electrical, and Telecommunications: Remove existing systems and equipment as indicated.
  - 1. Maintain existing active systems to remain in operation, and maintain access to equipment and operational components.
  - 2. Where existing active systems serve occupied facilities but are to be replaced with new services, maintain existing systems in service until new systems are complete and ready for service.
  - 3. Verify that abandoned services serve only abandoned facilities before removal.
  - 4. Remove abandoned pipe, ducts, conduits, and equipment, including those above accessible ceilings. Remove back to source of supply where possible, otherwise cap stub and tag with identification.
- E. Protect existing work to remain.
  - 1. Prevent movement of structure. Provide shoring and bracing as required.
  - 2. Perform cutting to accomplish removal work neatly and as specified for cutting new work.
  - 3. Repair adjacent construction and finishes damaged during removal work.
  - 4. Patch to match new work.

# 3.04 DEBRIS AND WASTE REMOVAL

- A. Remove debris, junk, and trash from site.
- B. Leave site in clean condition, ready for subsequent work.
- C. Clean up spillage and wind-blown debris from public and private lands.



#### SECTION 033000 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

# PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 DESCRIPTION

#### A. Related Documents:

1. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# B. Summary:

- 1. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes, for the following:
  - a. Foundation and retaining walls.

#### C. Definitions:

 Cementitious Materials: Portland cement alone or in combination with one or more of the following: blended hydraulic cement, ground granulated blast-furnace slag; subject to compliance with requirements.

#### 1.02 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture. Submit alternate design mixtures when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.
  - 1. Indicate amounts of mixing water to be withheld for later addition at Project site.
- C. Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings: Placing drawings that detail fabrication, bending, and placement. Include bar sizes, lengths, material, grade, bar schedules, stirrup spacing, bent bar diagrams, bar arrangement, splices and laps, mechanical connections, tie spacing, hoop spacing, and supports for concrete reinforcement.
- D. Samples: For waterstops, vapor retarder.

#### 1.03 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Certificates: For each of the following, signed by manufacturers:
  - 1. Cementitious materials.
  - Admixtures.
  - 3. Form materials and form-release agents.
  - 4. Waterstops.
  - 5. Curing compounds.
  - 6. Floor and slab treatments.
  - 7. Bonding agents.
  - Adhesives.

- 9. Vapor retarders.
- B. Material Test Reports: For the following, from a qualified testing agency, indicating compliance with requirements:
  - 1. Aggregates. Include service record data indicating absence of deleterious expansion of concrete due to alkali aggregate reactivity.
- C. Minutes of preinstallation conference.

# 1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs on Project personnel qualified as ACI-certified Flatwork Technician and Finisher and a supervisor who is an ACI-certified Concrete Flatwork Technician.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
  - Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.
  - 1. Personnel conducting field tests shall be qualified as ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician, Grade 1, according to ACI CP-1 or an equivalent certification program.
  - 2. Personnel performing laboratory tests shall be ACI-certified Concrete Strength Testing Technician and Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician Grade I. Testing Agency laboratory supervisor shall be an ACI-certified Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician Grade II.
- D. Source Limitations: Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant, obtain aggregate from single source, and obtain admixtures from single source from single manufacturer.
- E. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:
  - 1. ACI 301, "Specifications for Structural Concrete," Sections 1 through 5 and Section 7, "Lightweight Concrete."
  - 2. ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."
- F. Concrete Testing Service: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixtures.
- G. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Before submitting design mixtures, review concrete design mixture and examine procedures for ensuring quality of concrete materials. Require representatives of each entity directly concerned with cast-in-place concrete to attend, including the following:
    - a. Contractor's superintendent.
    - b. Independent testing agency responsible for concrete design mixtures.
    - c. Concrete subcontractor.
  - 2. Review special inspection and testing and inspecting agency procedures for field quality control, concrete finishes and finishing, cold- and hot-weather concreting procedures,

curing procedures, construction contraction and isolation joints, and joint-filler strips, forms and form removal limitations, vapor-retarder installation, anchor rod and anchorage device installation tolerances, steel reinforcement installation, floor and slab flatness and levelness measurement, concrete repair procedures, and concrete protection.

# 1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Steel Reinforcement: Deliver, store, and handle steel reinforcement to prevent bending and damage.
- B. Waterstops: Store waterstops under cover to protect from moisture, sunlight, dirt, oil, and other contaminants.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 FORM-FACING MATERIALS

- A. Rough-Formed Finished Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal, or another approved material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.
- B. Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.
  - 1. Formulate form-release agent with rust inhibitor for steel form-facing materials.
- C. Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, removable or snap-off metal or glass-fiber-reinforced plastic form ties designed to resist lateral pressure of fresh concrete on forms and to prevent spalling of concrete on removal.
  - 1. Furnish ties with integral water-barrier plates to walls indicated to receive dampproofing or waterproofing.

### 2.02 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.

# 2.03 REINFORCEMENT ACCESSORIES

A. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice," of greater compressive strength than concrete and as follows:

# 2.04 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source, throughout Project:
  - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I Type III gray. May be supplemented with the following:
    - a. Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: ASTM C 989, Grade 100 or 120.
  - 2. Blended Hydraulic Cement: ASTM C 595, Type IS, portland blast-furnace slag.
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, Class 3M coarse aggregate or better, graded. Provide aggregates from a single source.
  - 1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: 3/4 inch nominal.
  - 2. Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.

- C. Lightweight Aggregate: ASTM C 330, 3/4-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.
- D. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M and potable.

#### 2.05 ADMIXTURES

- A. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- B. Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
  - 1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
  - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
  - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
  - 4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
  - 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
  - 6. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.

# 2.06 WATERSTOPS

- A. Self-Expanding Butyl Strip Waterstops: Manufactured trapezoidal strip, butyl rubber with sodium bentonite, for adhesive bonding to concrete in acceptance with section 032500.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing, Inc.; MiraSTOP.
    - b. CETCO; Volclay Waterstop-RX.
    - c. Concrete Sealants Inc.: Conseal CS-231.
    - d. Greenstreak: Swellstop.
    - e. Henry Company, Sealants Division; Hydro-Flex.
    - f. JP Specialties, Inc.; Earth Shield Type 20.
    - g. Approved Substitute.

# 2.07 VAPOR RETARDERS

- A. Sheet (plastic) Vapor Retarder: ASTM E 1745, Class A. Include manufacturer's recommended adhesive or pressure-sensitive tape. 15 mils. Provide standard accessories.
- B. Granular Fill: Clean mixture of crushed stone or crushed or uncrushed gravel; ASTM D 448, Size 57, with 100 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a No. 8 sieve.

# 2.08 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. when dry.
- B. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
- C. Water: Potable.
- D. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, dissipating.

- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Anti-Hydro International, Inc.; AH Curing Compound #2 DR WB.
  - b. BASF Construction Chemicals Building Systems; Kure 200.
  - c. ChemMasters; Safe-Cure Clear.
  - d. Conspec by Dayton Superior; W.B. Resin Cure.
  - e. Dayton Superior Corporation; Day-Chem Rez Cure (J-11-W).
  - f. Edoco by Dayton Superior; Res X Cure WB.
  - g. Euclid Chemical Company (The), an RPM company; Kurez W VOX; TAMMSCURE WB 30C.
  - h. Kaufman Products, Inc.; Thinfilm 420.
  - i. Lambert Corporation; AQUA KURE CLEAR.
  - j. L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; L&M Cure R.
  - k. Meadows, W. R., Inc.; 1100-CLEAR.
  - I. Nox-Crete Products Group; Resin Cure E.
  - m. Right Pointe; Clear Water Resin.
  - n. SpecChem, LLC; Spec Rez Clear.
  - o. Symons by Dayton Superior; Resi-Chem Clear.
  - p. TK Products, Division of Sierra Corporation; TK-2519 DC WB.
  - g. Vexcon Chemicals, Inc.; Certi-Vex Enviocure 100.
- E. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, nondissipating, certified by curing compound manufacturer to not interfere with bonding of floor covering.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Anti-Hydro International, Inc.; AH Clear Cure WB.
    - b. BASF Construction Chemicals Building Systems; Kure-N-Seal WB.
    - c. ChemMasters; Safe-Cure & Seal 20.
    - d. Conspec by Dayton Superior; Cure and Seal WB.
    - e. Cresset Chemical Company; Crete-Trete 309-VOC Cure & Seal.
    - f. Dayton Superior Corporation; Safe Cure and Seal (J-18).
    - g. Edoco by Dayton Superior; Spartan Cote WB II.
    - h. Euclid Chemical Company (The), an RPM company; Aqua Cure VOX; Clearseal WB 150.
    - i. Kaufman Products. Inc.: Cure & Seal 309 Emulsion.
    - j. Lambert Corporation; Glazecote Sealer-20.
    - k. L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; Dress & Seal WB.
    - I. Meadows, W. R., Inc.; Vocomp-20.
    - m. Metalcrete Industries; Metcure.
    - n. Nox-Crete Products Group: Cure & Seal 150E.
    - o. Symons by Dayton Superior; Cure & Seal 18 Percent E.
    - p. TK Products, Division of Sierra Corporation; TK-2519 WB.
    - g. Vexcon Chemicals, Inc.; Starseal 309.

### 2.09 RELATED MATERIALS

- A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber.
- B. Reglets: Fabricate reglets of not less than 0.022-inch- thick, galvanized-steel sheet. Temporarily fill or cover face opening of reglet to prevent intrusion of concrete or debris.

### 2.10 REPAIR MATERIALS

- A. Repair Underlayment: Cement-based, polymer-modified, self-leveling product that can be applied in thicknesses from 1/8 inch and that can be feathered at edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
  - 1. Cement Binder: ASTM C 150, portland cement or hydraulic or blended hydraulic cement as defined in ASTM C 219.
  - 2. Primer: Product of underlayment manufacturer recommended for substrate, conditions, and application.
  - 3. Aggregate: Well-graded, washed gravel, 1/8 to 1/4 inch or coarse sand as recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
  - Compressive Strength: Not less than 4100 psi at 28 days when tested according to ASTM C 109/C 109M.
- B. Repair Overlayment: Cement-based, polymer-modified, self-leveling product that can be applied in thicknesses from 1/4 inch and that can be filled in over a scarified surface to match adjacent floor elevations.
  - 1. Cement Binder: ASTM C 150, portland cement or hydraulic or blended hydraulic cement as defined in ASTM C 219.
  - 2. Primer: Product of topping manufacturer recommended for substrate, conditions, and application.
  - 3. Aggregate: Well-graded, washed gravel, 1/8 to 1/4 inch or coarse sand as recommended by topping manufacturer.
  - Compressive Strength: Not less than 5000 psi at 28 days when tested according to ASTM C 109/C 109M.

## 2.11 CONCRETE MIXTURES, GENERAL

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.
  - 1. Use a qualified independent testing agency for preparing and reporting proposed mixture designs based on laboratory trial mixtures.
- B. Cementitious Materials: Limit percentage, by weight, of cementitious materials other than portland cement in concrete as follows:
  - 1. Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 35 percent.
- Limit water-soluble, chloride-ion content in hardened concrete to 0.30 percent by weight of cement.
- D. Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Use water-reducing, high-range water-reducing or plasticizing admixture in concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
  - 2. Use water-reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.
  - 3. Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a water-cementitious materials ratio below 0.50.

### 2.12 CONCRETE MIXTURES FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS

- A. Proportion normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:
  - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days.
  - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.50.
  - 3. Air Content: 6 percent, plus or minus 1.5 percent at point of delivery for 3/4-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.

### 2.13 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

#### 2.14 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M, and furnish batch ticket information.
  - 1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.
- B. Project-Site Mixing: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M. Mix concrete materials in appropriate drum-type batch machine mixer. Project site mixing may only be used for topping slabs and housekeeping pads.
  - 1. For mixer capacity of 1 cu. yd. or smaller, continue mixing at least 1-1/2 minutes, but not more than 5 minutes after ingredients are in mixer, before any part of batch is released.
  - 2. For mixer capacity larger than 1 cu. yd., increase mixing time by 15 seconds for each additional 1 cu. yd..
  - 3. Provide batch ticket for each batch discharged and used in the Work, indicating Project identification name and number, date, mixture type, mixture time, quantity, and amount of water added. Record approximate location of final deposit in structure.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 FORMWORK

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
- C. Limit concrete surface irregularities, designated by ACI 347 as abrupt or gradual, as follows:
  - 1. Class A, 1/8 inch for smooth-formed finished surfaces.
  - 2. Class B, 1/4 inch for rough-formed finished surfaces.
- D. Construct forms tight enough to prevent loss of concrete mortar.
- E. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical.
  - 1. Install keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, for easy removal.

- 2. Do not use rust-stained steel form-facing material.
- F. Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and slopes in finished concrete surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips; use strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.
- G. Provide temporary openings for cleanouts and inspection ports where interior area of formwork is inaccessible. Close openings with panels tightly fitted to forms and securely braced to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.
- H. Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.
- I. Form openings, chases, offsets, sinkages, keyways, reglets, blocking, screeds, and bulkheads required in the Work. Determine sizes and locations from trades providing such items.
- J. Clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, and other debris just before placing concrete.
- K. Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.
- L. Coat contact surfaces of forms with form-release agent, according to manufacturer's written instructions, before placing reinforcement.

### 3.02 EMBEDDED ITEMS

A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.

#### 3.03 REMOVING AND REUSING FORMS

- A. General: Formwork for sides of walls, piers and similar parts of the Work that does not support weight of concrete may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 deg F for 24 hours after placing concrete. Concrete has to be hard enough to not be damaged by form-removal operations and curing and protection operations need to be maintained.
- B. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work. Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-release agent.
- C. When forms are reused, clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten to close joints. Align and secure joints to avoid offsets. Do not use patched forms for exposed concrete surfaces unless approved by Architect.

### 3.04 VAPOR RETARDERS

- A. Sheet Vapor Retarders: Place, protect, and repair sheet vapor retarder according to ASTM E 1643 and manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Lap joints 6 inches and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape.
  - 2. Tape and seal around utility or column openings, grade beams, footings, and foundation walls.

# 3.05 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for placing reinforcement.

- 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.
- B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other foreign materials that would reduce bond to concrete.
- C. Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement. Locate and support reinforcement with bar supports to maintain minimum concrete cover. Do not tack weld crossing reinforcing bars.

### 3.06 JOINTS

A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.

### 3.07 WATERSTOPS

- A. Flexible Waterstops: Install in construction joints and at other joints indicated to form a continuous diaphragm. Install in longest lengths practicable. Support and protect exposed waterstops during progress of the Work. Field fabricate joints in waterstops according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Self-Expanding Strip Waterstops: Install in construction joints and at other locations indicated, according to manufacturer's written instructions, adhesive bonding, mechanically fastening, and firmly pressing into place. Install in longest lengths practicable.

### 3.08 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed.
- B. Do not add water to concrete during delivery, at Project site, or during placement unless approved by Architect.
- C. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
  - 1. Deposit concrete in horizontal layers of depth to not exceed formwork design pressures and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints.
  - 2. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.
  - 3. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6 inches into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to lose plasticity. At each insertion, limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing mixture constituents to segregate.
- D. Deposit and consolidate concrete in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until placement of a panel or section is complete.
  - 1. Consolidate concrete during placement operations so concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.
  - 2. Maintain reinforcement in position on chairs during concrete placement.
  - 3. Screed slab surfaces with a straightedge and strike off to correct elevations.

- 4. Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required.
- 5. Begin initial floating using bull floats or darbies to form a uniform and open-textured surface plane, before excess bleedwater appears on the surface. Do not further disturb slab surfaces before starting finishing operations.

#### 3.09 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

- A. Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
  - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces not exposed to public view.

## 3.10 FINISHING FLOORS AND SLABS

A. General: Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for screeding, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces. Coordinate concrete finish with intended floor finishes.

# 3.11 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE ITEMS

- A. Filling In: Fill in holes and openings left in concrete structures after work of other trades is in place unless otherwise indicated. Mix, place, and cure concrete, as specified, to blend with inplace construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling indicated or required to complete the Work.
- B. Equipment Bases and Foundations: Provide machine and equipment bases and foundations as shown on Drawings. Set anchor bolts for machines and equipment at correct elevations, complying with diagrams or templates from manufacturer furnishing machines and equipment.

### 3.12 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces. If forms remain during curing period, moist cure after loosening forms. If removing forms before end of curing period, continue curing for the remainder of the curing period.
- C. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:
  - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days with the following materials:
    - a. Water.
    - b. Continuous water-fog spray.
    - c. Absorptive cover, water saturated, and kept continuously wet. Cover concrete surfaces and edges with 12-inch lap over adjacent absorptive covers.
  - Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches, and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
    - Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings.

- b. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive penetrating liquid floor treatments.
- c. Cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings with either a moisture-retaining cover or a curing compound that the manufacturer certifies will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project.
- 3. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.
  - a. Removal: After curing period has elapsed, remove curing compound without damaging concrete surfaces by method recommended by curing compound manufacturer unless manufacturer certifies curing compound will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project.

# 3.13 JOINT FILLING

- A. Prepare, clean, and install joint filler according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Defer joint filling until concrete has aged at least one month. Do not fill joints until construction traffic has permanently ceased.
- B. Remove dirt, debris, saw cuttings, curing compounds, and sealers from joints; leave contact faces of joint clean and dry.

#### 3.14 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

- A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.
- B. Patching Mortar: Mix dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of one part portland cement to two and one-half parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.
- C. Repairing Formed Surfaces: Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycombs, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning.
  - 1. Immediately after form removal, cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, and voids more than 1/2 inch in any dimension to solid concrete. Limit cut depth to 3/4 inch. Make edges of cuts perpendicular to concrete surface. Clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat holes and voids with bonding agent. Fill and compact with patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Fill form-tie voids with patching mortar or cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
  - Repair defects on surfaces exposed to view by blending white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match surrounding color. Patch a test area at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.
  - 3. Repair defects on concealed formed surfaces that affect concrete's durability and structural performance as determined by Architect.
- D. Repairing Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as floors and slabs, for finish and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface. Correct low and high areas. Test surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness; use a sloped template.
  - 1. Repair finished surfaces containing defects. Surface defects include spalls, popouts, honeycombs, rock pockets, crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch wide or that

- penetrate to reinforcement or completely through unreinforced sections regardless of width, and other objectionable conditions.
- 2. After concrete has cured at least 14 days, correct high areas by grinding.
- 3. Correct localized low areas during or immediately after completing surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete.
- 4. Correct other low areas scheduled to receive floor coverings with a repair underlayment. Prepare, mix, and apply repair underlayment and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface. Feather edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
- 5. Correct other low areas scheduled to remain exposed with a repair topping. Cut out low areas to ensure a minimum repair topping depth of 1/4 inch to match adjacent floor elevations. Prepare, mix, and apply repair topping and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface.
- 6. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas with clean, square cuts and expose steel reinforcement with at least a 3/4-inch clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding agent. Mix patching concrete of same materials and mixture as original concrete except without coarse aggregate. Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.
- 7. Repair random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter with patching mortar. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean off dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Compact patching mortar and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for at least 72 hours.
- E. Perform structural repairs of concrete, subject to Architect's approval, using epoxy adhesive and patching mortar.
- F. Repair materials and installation not specified above may be used, subject to Architect's approval.

### 3.15 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage a special inspector and qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Inspections:
  - 1. Steel reinforcement placement.
  - 2. Headed bolts and studs.
  - 3. Verification of use of required design mixture.
  - 4. Concrete placement, including conveying and depositing.
  - 5. Curing procedures and maintenance of curing temperature.
- C. Concrete Tests: Testing of composite samples of fresh concrete obtained according to ASTM C 172 shall be performed according to the following requirements:
  - 1. Testing Frequency: Obtain at least one composite sample for each 50 cu. yd. or fraction thereof of each concrete mixture placed each day.

- a. When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five compressive-strength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.
- 2. Slump: ASTM C 143/C 143M; one test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.
- 3. Air Content: ASTM C 231, pressure method, for normal-weight concrete; ASTM C 173/C 173M, volumetric method, for structural lightweight concrete; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
- 4. Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064/C 1064M; one test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F and below and when 80 deg F and above, and one test for each composite sample.
- 5. Unit Weight: ASTM C 567, fresh unit weight of structural lightweight concrete; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
- Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31/C 31M.
  - a. For slab on metal deck, slab on grade and foundation walls, cast and laboratory cure two sets of two standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.
  - b. Cast and field cure two sets of two standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.
- 7. Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39/C 39M; test one set of two laboratory-cured specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.
  - Test one set of two field-cured specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.
  - b. A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from a set of two specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at age indicated.
- 8. When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85 percent of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, Contractor shall evaluate operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing in-place concrete.
- Strength of each concrete mixture will be satisfactory if every average of any three consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi.
- 10. Test results shall be reported in writing to Architect, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 48 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.
- Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Architect but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.
- 12. Additional Tests: Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Architect. Testing and inspecting agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42/C 42M or by other methods as directed by Architect.

- 13. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
- 14. Correct deficiencies in the Work that test reports and inspections indicate do not comply with the Contract Documents.

# **END OF SECTION**

### **SECTION 042000 - UNIT MASONRY**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Concrete masonry units.
  - 2. Mortar and grout.
  - 3. Steel reinforcing bars.
  - 4. Masonry joint reinforcement.

### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. CMU(s): Concrete masonry unit(s).
- B. Reinforced Masonry: Masonry containing reinforcing steel in grouted cells.

#### 1.04 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide structural unit masonry that develops indicated net-area compressive strengths at 28 days.
  - 1. Determine net-area compressive strength of masonry from average net-area compressive strengths of masonry units and mortar types (unit-strength method) according to Tables 1 and 2 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.
  - 2. Determine net-area compressive strength of masonry by testing masonry prisms according to ASTM C 1314.

#### 1.05 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: For the following:
  - 1. Masonry Units: Show sizes, profiles, coursing, and locations of special shapes.
  - 2. Detail bending and placement of unit masonry reinforcing bars. Comply with ACI 315, "Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement."

## 1.06 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- B. Material Certificates: For each type and size of the following:
  - 1. Masonry units.
    - Include data on material properties and material test reports substantiating compliance with requirements.

- b. For brick, include size-variation data verifying that actual range of sizes falls within specified tolerances.
- c. For exposed brick, include test report for efflorescence according to ASTM C 67.
- d. For surface-coated brick, include test report for durability of surface appearance after 50 cycles of freezing and thawing per ASTM C 67 or a list of addresses of buildings in Project's area where proposed brick has been used successfully and with a history of durability.
- e. For masonry units used in structural masonry, include data and calculations establishing average net-area compressive strength of units.
- 2. Cementitious materials. Include brand, type, and name of manufacturer.
- 3. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
- 4. Grout mixes. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
- 5. Reinforcing bars.
- 6. Joint reinforcement.
- 7. Anchors, ties, and metal accessories.
- C. Mix Designs: For each type of mortar and grout. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
  - Include test reports for mortar mixes required to comply with property specification. Test according to ASTM C 109/C 109M for compressive strength, ASTM C 1506 for water retention, and ASTM C 91 for air content.
  - 2. Include test reports, according to ASTM C 1019, for grout mixes required to comply with compressive strength requirement.
- D. Statement of Compressive Strength of Masonry: For each combination of masonry unit type and mortar type, provide statement of average net-area compressive strength of masonry units, mortar type, and resulting net-area compressive strength of masonry determined according to Tables 1 and 2 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.

# 1.07 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM C 1093 for testing indicated.
- B. Source Limitations for Mortar Materials: Obtain mortar ingredients of a uniform quality, including color for exposed masonry, from single manufacturer for each cementitious component and from single source or producer for each aggregate.
- C. Masonry Standard: Comply with ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents.

# 1.08 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store masonry units on elevated platforms in a dry location. If units are not stored in an enclosed location, cover tops and sides of stacks with waterproof sheeting, securely tied. If units become wet, do not install until they are dry.
- B. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.
- C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.

- D. Deliver preblended, dry mortar mix in moisture-resistant containers designed for use with dispensing silos. Store preblended, dry mortar mix in delivery containers on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location or in covered weatherproof dispensing silos.
- E. Store masonry accessories, including metal items, to prevent corrosion and accumulation of dirt and oil.

### 1.09 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Do not apply uniform floor or roof loads for at least 12 hours and concentrated loads for at least three days after building masonry walls or columns.
- B. Stain Prevention: Prevent grout, mortar, and soil from staining the face of masonry to be left exposed or painted. Immediately remove grout, mortar, and soil that come in contact with such masonry.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MASONRY UNITS, GENERAL

- A. Defective Units: Referenced masonry unit standards may allow a certain percentage of units to contain chips, cracks, or other defects exceeding limits stated in the standard. Do not use units where such defects will be exposed in the completed Work.
- B. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide units that comply with requirements for fire-resistance ratings indicated as determined by testing according to ASTM E 119, by equivalent masonry thickness, or by other means, as acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### 2.02 CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS

# A. CMUs: ASTM C 90.

- 1. Unit Compressive Strength: Provide units with minimum average net-area compressive strength of 2800 psi (19.3 MPa).
- Density Classification: Lightweight.
- 3. Size (Width): Manufactured to dimensions 3/8 inch less than nominal dimensions.
- 4. Exposed Faces: Provide color and texture matching the range represented by Architect's sample.
- 5. Faces to Receive Plaster: Where units are indicated to receive a direct application of plaster, provide textured-face units made with gap-graded aggregates.

# 2.03 MISCELLANEOUS ANCHORS

- A. Unit Type Inserts in Concrete: Cast-iron or malleable-iron wedge-type inserts.
- B. Dovetail Slots in Concrete: Furnish dovetail slots with filler strips, of slot size indicated, fabricated from 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), galvanized steel sheet.
- C. Anchor Bolts: L-shaped steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6); with ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers; hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C; of dimensions indicated.

### 2.04 MISCELLANEOUS MASONRY ACCESSORIES

A. Compressible Filler: Premolded filler strips complying with ASTM D 1056, Grade 2A1; compressible up to 35 percent; of width and thickness indicated; formulated from urethane or

PVC.

- B. Preformed Control-Joint Gaskets: Made from styrene-butadiene-rubber compound, complying with ASTM D 2000, Designation M2AA-805 or PVC, complying with ASTM D 2287, Type PVC-65406 and designed to fit standard sash block and to maintain lateral stability in masonry wall; size and configuration as indicated.
- C. Bond-Breaker Strips: Asphalt-saturated, organic roofing felt complying with ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt).
- D. Reinforcing Bar Positioners: Wire units designed to fit into mortar bed joints spanning masonry unit cells and hold reinforcing bars in center of cells. Units are formed from 0.148-inch (3.77-mm) steel wire, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. Provide units designed for number of bars indicated.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Dayton Superior Corporation, Dur-O-Wal Division; D/A 810, D/A 812 or D/A 817.
    - b. Heckmann Building Products Inc.; No. 376 Rebar Positioner.
    - c. Hohmann & Barnard, Inc.; #RB or #RB-Twin Rebar Positioner.
    - d. Wire-Bond; O-Ring or Double O-Ring Rebar Positioner.

### 2.05 MORTAR AND GROUT MIXES

- A. General: Do not use admixtures, including pigments, air-entraining agents, accelerators, retarders, water-repellent agents, antifreeze compounds, or other admixtures, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Do not use calcium chloride in mortar or grout.
  - 2. Use masonry cement or mortar cement mortar unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. For exterior masonry, use masonry cement or mortar cement mortar.
  - 4. For reinforced masonry, use masonry cement or mortar cement mortar.
  - 5. Add cold-weather admixture (if used) at same rate for all mortar that will be exposed to view, regardless of weather conditions, to ensure that mortar color is consistent.
- B. Preblended, Dry Mortar Mix: Furnish dry mortar ingredients in form of a preblended mix. Measure quantities by weight to ensure accurate proportions, and thoroughly blend ingredients before delivering to Project site.
  - Provide Workrite Packaged Cement Products Portland and Hydrated Lime Colored Mortar Blend, Type N.
  - 2. Color: WR2320 Birch.
- C. Mortar for Unit Masonry: Comply with ASTM C 270, Specification. Provide the following types of mortar for applications stated unless another type is indicated or needed to provide required compressive strength of masonry.
  - 1. For reinforced masonry, use Type S.
  - 2. For interior non-load-bearing partitions, Type O may be used instead of Type N.
  - 3. Pigments shall not exceed 10 percent of portland cement by weight.
  - 4. Pigments shall not exceed 5 percent of [masonry cement] [or] [mortar cement] by weight.
- D. Grout for Unit Masonry: Comply with ASTM C 476.

- Use grout of type indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, of type (fine or coarse) that will comply with Table 1.15.1 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 for dimensions of grout spaces and pour height.
- 2. Proportion grout in accordance with ASTM C 476, Table 1 or paragraph 4.2.2 for specified 28-day compressive strength indicated, but not less than 2000 psi (14 MPa).
- 3. Provide grout with a slump of [8 to 11 inches (203 to 279 mm)] [10 to 11 inches (254 to 279 mm)] as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of work.
  - 2. Verify that foundations are within tolerances specified.
  - 3. Verify that reinforcing dowels are properly placed.
- B. Before installation, examine rough-in and built-in construction for piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.02 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. After installing equipment, complete masonry to match the construction immediately adjacent to opening.
- B. Use full-size units without cutting if possible. If cutting is required to provide a continuous pattern or to fit adjoining construction, cut units with motor-driven saws; provide clean, sharp, unchipped edges. Allow units to dry before laying unless wetting of units is specified. Install cut units with cut surfaces and, where possible, cut edges concealed.
- C. Select and arrange units for exposed unit masonry to produce a uniform blend of colors and textures.
  - 1. Mix units from several pallets or cubes as they are placed.
- D. Matching Existing Masonry: Match coursing, bonding, color, and texture of existing masonry.

## 3.03 TOLERANCES

- A. Dimensions and Locations of Elements:
  - 1. For dimensions in cross section or elevation do not vary by more than plus 1/2 inch (12 mm) or minus 1/4 inch (6 mm).
  - 2. For location of elements in plan do not vary from that indicated by more than plus or minus 1/2 inch (12 mm).
  - 3. For location of elements in elevation do not vary from that indicated by more than plus or minus 1/4 inch (6 mm) in a story height or 1/2 inch (12 mm) total.
- B. Lines and Levels:

- 1. For bed joints and top surfaces of bearing walls do not vary from level by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet (6 mm in 3 m), or 1/2 inch (12 mm) maximum.
- 2. For conspicuous horizontal lines, such as lintels, sills, parapets, and reveals, do not vary from level by more than 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m), 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m), or 1/2 inch (12 mm) maximum.
- 3. For vertical lines and surfaces do not vary from plumb by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet (6 mm in 3 m), 3/8 inch in 20 feet (9 mm in 6 m), or 1/2 inch (12 mm) maximum.
- 4. For conspicuous vertical lines, such as external corners, door jambs, reveals, and expansion and control joints, do not vary from plumb by more than 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m), 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m), or 1/2 inch (12 mm) maximum.
- 5. For lines and surfaces do not vary from straight by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet (6 mm in 3 m), 3/8 inch in 20 feet (9 mm in 6 m), or 1/2 inch (12 mm) maximum.
- 6. For vertical alignment of exposed head joints, do not vary from plumb by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet (6 mm in 3 m), or 1/2 inch (12 mm) maximum.
- 7. For faces of adjacent exposed masonry units, do not vary from flush alignment by more than 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) except due to warpage of masonry units within tolerances specified for warpage of units.

#### C. Joints:

- 1. For bed joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus or minus 1/8 inch (3 mm), with a maximum thickness limited to 1/2 inch (12 mm).
- 2. For exposed bed joints, do not vary from bed-joint thickness of adjacent courses by more than 1/8 inch (3 mm).
- 3. For head and collar joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus 3/8 inch (9 mm) or minus 1/4 inch (6 mm).
- 4. For exposed head joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus or minus 1/8 inch (3 mm).
- 5. For exposed bed joints and head joints of stacked bond, do not vary from a straight line by more than 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) from one masonry unit to the next.

## 3.04 LAYING MASONRY WALLS

- A. Lay out walls in advance for accurate spacing of surface bond patterns with uniform joint thicknesses and for accurate location of openings, movement-type joints, returns, and offsets. Avoid using less-than-half-size units, particularly at corners, jambs, and, where possible, at other locations.
- B. Stopping and Resuming Work: Stop work by racking back units in each course from those in course below; do not tooth. When resuming work, clean masonry surfaces that are to receive mortar, remove loose masonry units and mortar, and wet brick if required before laying fresh masonry.
- C. Built-in Work: As construction progresses, build in items specified in this and other Sections. Fill in solidly with masonry around built-in items.
- D. Fill space between steel frames and masonry solidly with mortar unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Where built-in items are to be embedded in cores of hollow masonry units, place a layer of metal lath, wire mesh, or plastic mesh in the joint below and rod mortar or grout into core.

- F. Fill cores in hollow CMUs with grout 24 inches (600 mm) under bearing plates, beams, lintels, posts, and similar items unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Build non-load-bearing interior partitions full height of story to underside of solid floor or roof structure above unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Install compressible filler in joint between top of partition and underside of structure above.
  - 2. Fasten partition top anchors to structure above and build into top of partition. Grout cells of CMUs solidly around plastic tubes of anchors and push tubes down into grout to provide 1/2-inch (13-mm) clearance between end of anchor rod and end of tube. Space anchors [48 inches (1200 mm) o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Wedge non-load-bearing partitions against structure above with small pieces of tile, slate, or metal. Fill joint with mortar after dead-load deflection of structure above approaches final position.
  - 4. At fire-rated partitions, treat joint between top of partition and underside of structure above to comply with Section 078446 "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems."

### 3.05 MORTAR BEDDING AND JOINTING

- A. Lay hollow brick and CMUs as follows:
  - 1. With face shells fully bedded in mortar and with head joints of depth equal to bed joints.
  - 2. With webs fully bedded in mortar in all courses of piers, columns, and pilasters.
  - 3. With webs fully bedded in mortar in grouted masonry, including starting course on footings.
  - 4. With entire units, including areas under cells, fully bedded in mortar at starting course on footings where cells are not grouted.
- B. Lay solid masonry units with completely filled bed and head joints; butter ends with sufficient mortar to fill head joints and shove into place. Do not deeply furrow bed joints or slush head joints.
- C. Tool exposed joints slightly concave when thumbprint hard, using a jointer larger than joint thickness unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. For glazed masonry units, use a nonmetallic jointer 3/4 inch (19 mm) or more in width.
- D. Cut joints flush for masonry walls to receive plaster or other direct-applied finishes (other than paint) unless otherwise indicated.

### 3.06 MASONRY JOINT REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Install entire length of longitudinal side rods in mortar with a minimum cover of 5/8 inch (16 mm) on exterior side of walls, 1/2 inch (13 mm) elsewhere. Lap reinforcement a minimum of 6 inches (150 mm).
  - 1. Space reinforcement not more than 16 inches (406 mm) o.c.
  - Space reinforcement not more than 8 inches (203 mm) o.c. in foundation walls and parapet walls.
  - 3. Provide reinforcement not more than 8 inches (203 mm) above and below wall openings and extending 12 inches (305 mm) beyond openings
- B. Interrupt joint reinforcement at control and expansion joints unless otherwise indicated.

- C. Provide continuity at wall intersections by using prefabricated T-shaped units.
- D. Provide continuity at corners by using prefabricated L-shaped units.
- E. Cut and bend reinforcing units as directed by manufacturer for continuity at [corners,] returns, offsets, column fireproofing, pipe enclosures, and other special conditions.

### 3.07 ANCHORING MASONRY TO STRUCTURAL STEEL AND CONCRETE

- A. Anchor masonry to structural steel and concrete where masonry abuts or faces structural steel or concrete to comply with the following:
  - 1. Provide an open space not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) wide between masonry and structural steel or concrete unless otherwise indicated. Keep open space free of mortar and other rigid materials.
  - 2. Anchor masonry with anchors embedded in masonry joints and attached to structure.
  - 3. Space anchors as indicated, but not more than 24 inches (610 mm) o.c. vertically and 36 inches (915 mm) o.c. horizontally.

#### 3.08 CONTROL AND EXPANSION JOINTS

- A. General: Install control and expansion joint materials in unit masonry as masonry progresses. Do not allow materials to span control and expansion joints without provision to allow for inplane wall or partition movement.
- B. Form control joints in concrete masonry using one of the following methods:
  - 1. Fit bond-breaker strips into hollow contour in ends of CMUs on one side of control joint. Fill resultant core with grout and rake out joints in exposed faces for application of sealant.
  - 2. Install preformed control-joint gaskets designed to fit standard sash block.
  - 3. Install interlocking units designed for control joints. Install bond-breaker strips at joint. Keep head joints free and clear of mortar or rake out joint for application of sealant.
  - 4. Install temporary foam-plastic filler in head joints and remove filler when unit masonry is complete for application of sealant.
- C. Form expansion joints in brick as follows:
  - 1. Build flanges of metal expansion strips into masonry. Lap each joint 4 inches (100 mm) in direction of water flow. Seal joints below grade and at junctures with horizontal expansion joints if any.
  - 2. Build flanges of factory-fabricated, expansion-joint units into masonry.
  - 3. Build in compressible joint fillers where indicated.
  - Form open joint full depth of brick wythe and of width indicated, but not less than [3/8 inch
    (10 mm)] [1/2 inch (13 mm) for installation of sealant and backer rod specified in Section
    079200 "Joint Sealants."
- D. Provide horizontal, pressure-relieving joints by either leaving an air space or inserting a compressible filler of width required for installing sealant and backer rod specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants." but not less than 3/8 inch (10 mm)
  - 1. Locate horizontal, pressure-relieving joints beneath shelf angles supporting masonry.

### 3.09 LINTELS

- A. Install steel lintels where indicated.
- B. Provide concrete or masonry lintels where shown and where openings of more than 12 inches (305 mm) for brick-size units and 24 inches (610 mm) for block-size units are shown without structural steel or other supporting lintels.
- C. Provide minimum bearing of 8 inches (200 mm) at each jamb unless otherwise indicated.

#### 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspections: Level 1 special inspections according to the "International Building Code."
  - 1. Begin masonry construction only after inspectors have verified proportions of siteprepared mortar.
  - 2. Place grout only after inspectors have verified compliance of grout spaces and of grades, sizes, and locations of reinforcement.
  - 3. Place grout only after inspectors have verified proportions of site-prepared grout.
- B. Prism Test: For each type of construction provided, according to ASTM C 1314 at 7 days and at 28 days.

#### 3.11 REPAIRING, POINTING, AND CLEANING

- A. Remove and replace masonry units that are loose, chipped, broken, stained, or otherwise damaged or that do not match adjoining units. Install new units to match adjoining units; install in fresh mortar, pointed to eliminate evidence of replacement.
- B. Pointing: During the tooling of joints, enlarge voids and holes, except weep holes, and completely fill with mortar. Point up joints, including corners, openings, and adjacent construction, to provide a neat, uniform appearance. Prepare joints for sealant application, where indicated.
- C. In-Progress Cleaning: Clean unit masonry as work progresses by dry brushing to remove mortar fins and smears before tooling joints.
- D. Final Cleaning: After mortar is thoroughly set and cured, clean exposed masonry as follows:
  - Remove large mortar particles by hand with wooden paddles and nonmetallic scrape hoes or chisels.
  - 2. Test cleaning methods on sample wall panel; leave one-half of panel uncleaned for comparison purposes. Obtain Architect's approval of sample cleaning before proceeding with cleaning of masonry.
  - 3. Protect adjacent stone and nonmasonry surfaces from contact with cleaner by covering them with liquid strippable masking agent or polyethylene film and waterproof masking tape.
  - 4. Wet wall surfaces with water before applying cleaners; remove cleaners promptly by rinsing surfaces thoroughly with clear water.
  - 5. Clean brick by bucket-and-brush hand-cleaning method described in BIA Technical Notes 20.
  - Clean masonry with a proprietary acidic cleaner applied according to manufacturer's written instructions.

- 7. Clean concrete masonry by cleaning method indicated in NCMA TEK 8-2A applicable to type of stain on exposed surfaces.
- 8. Clean stone trim to comply with stone supplier's written instructions.
- 9. Clean limestone units to comply with recommendations in ILI's "Indiana Limestone Handbook."

### 3.12 MASONRY WASTE DISPOSAL

- A. Salvageable Materials: Unless otherwise indicated, excess masonry materials are Contractor's property. At completion of unit masonry work, remove from Project site.
- B. Waste Disposal as Fill Material: Dispose of clean masonry waste, including excess or soil-contaminated sand, waste mortar, and broken masonry units, by crushing and mixing with fill material as fill is placed.
  - 1. Crush masonry waste to less than 4 inches (100 mm) in each dimension.
  - 2. Mix masonry waste with at least two parts of specified fill material for each part of masonry waste. Fill material is specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
  - 3. Do not dispose of masonry waste as fill within 18 inches (450 mm) of finished grade.
- C. Excess Masonry Waste: Remove excess clean masonry waste that cannot be used as fill, as described above, and other masonry waste, and legally dispose of off Owner's property.

#### **END OF SECTION**

### **SECTION 055213 - PIPE AND TUBE RAILINGS**

# PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Stair railings and guardrails.
- B. Free-standing railings at steps.
- C. Balcony railings and guardrails.

# 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 099123 - Interior Painting: Paint finish.

## 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- B. AISC 201 AISC Certification Program for Structural Steel Fabricators, Standard for Steel Building Structures; 2006.
- C. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2022.
- D. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- E. ASTM A500/A500M Standard Specification for Cold-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing in Rounds and Shapes; 2021a.
- F. ASTM A501/A501M Standard Specification for Hot-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing; 2021.
- G. AWS A2.4 Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and Nondestructive Examination; 2020.
- H. AWS D1.1/D1.1M Structural Welding Code Steel; 2020, with Errata (2022).
- I. SSPC-Paint 15 Steel Joist Shop Primer/Metal Building Primer; 2004.

## 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate profiles, sizes, connection attachments, anchorage, size and type of fasteners, and accessories.
  - 1. Indicate welded connections using standard AWS A2.4 welding symbols. Indicate net weld lengths.
  - Include the design engineer's seal and signature on each sheet of shop drawings.

### 1.05 DESIGN/PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. A. Handrails Not Serving as Top Rails: Shall withstand the following loads:
  - 1. Concentrated load of 200 lbf (0.89 kN) applied at any point and in any direction.

- 2. Uniform load of 50 lbf-ft (0.07kN-m) applied in any direction
- 3. Concentrated and uniform loads above need not be assumed to act concurrently

### 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Structural Designer Qualifications: Professional Structural Engineer experienced in design of this work and licensed in Maryland, or personnel under direct supervision of such an engineer.
- Welder Qualifications: Welding processes and welding operators qualified within previous 12 months.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications:
  - 1. A qualified steel fabricator that is certified by the American Institute for Steel Construction (AISC) under AISC 201.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.01 RAILINGS - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Design, fabricate, and test railing assemblies in accordance with the most stringent requirements of applicable local code.
- B. Allow for expansion and contraction of members and building movement without damage to connections or members.
- C. Dimensions: See drawings for configurations and heights.
  - 1. Top Rails and Wall Rails: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) diameter, round.
  - 2. Intermediate Rails: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) diameter, round.
  - 3. Posts: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) diameter, round.
- D. Provide anchors and other components as required to attach to structure, made of same materials as railing components unless otherwise indicated; where exposed fasteners are unavoidable provide flush countersunk fasteners.
- E. Provide slip-on non-weld mechanical fittings to join lengths, seal open ends, and conceal exposed mounting bolts and nuts, including but not limited to elbows, T-shapes, splice connectors, flanges, escutcheons, and wall brackets.

### 2.02 STEEL RAILING SYSTEM

- A. Recycled content of steel members Provide products with an average recycled content of steel products so postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of pre-consumer recycled content is not less than the following:
  - 1. W-Shapes, Channels and Angles: 60 percent.
  - 2. Plate, Bar, Cold-Formed Hollow Structural Sections, and Steel Pipe: 25 percent.
  - 3. All Other Steel Materials: 25 percent.
- B. Steel Sections: ASTM A992.
- C. Steel Tubing: ASTM A500, Grade B.
- D. Plates: ASTM A283.
- E. Pipe: ASTM A53, Grade A or B as noted below, Schedule 40.

- F. Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A325 galvanized to ASTM A153 for galvanized components.
- G. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1; type required for materials being welded.
- H. Ladders: ANSI A14.3.
- I. Shop and Touch-Up Primer: SSPC 15, Type 1, red oxide.
- J. Wire Cloth: 1" square, #8-gauge wires, powder coat, color as selected by Architect.
- K. Exposed Fasteners: No exposed bolts or screws.
- L. Shop and Touch-Up Primer: SSPC-Paint 15, complying with VOC limitations of authorities having jurisdiction.

# 2.03 FABRICATION

- A. Accurately form components to suit specific project conditions and for proper connection to building structure.
- B. Fit and shop assemble components in largest practical sizes for delivery to site.
- C. Fabricate components with joints tightly fitted and secured. Provide spigots and sleeves to accommodate site assembly and installation.
- D. Grind exposed joints flush and smooth with adjacent finish surface. Make exposed joints butt tight, flush, and hairline. Ease exposed edges to small uniform radius.
- E. Railings: Provide steel pipe railings as indicated on the drawings.
  - 1. Secure handrails to walls by means of wall brackets, and wall return fitting at handrail ends, as detailed. Finished railings shall clear wall finishes by a minimum of 2 1/4" to provide hand room. Wall brackets shall be fitted with fully concealed fasteners. All surfaces shall be smooth to the touch. All wall rails shall return to walls at ends with a snap-on flange at the wall.

### F. Welded Joints:

- 1. Exterior Components: Continuously seal joined pieces by intermittent welds and plastic filler. Drill condensate drainage holes at bottom of members at locations that will not encourage water intrusion.
- 2. Interior Components: Continuously seal joined pieces by intermittent welds and plastic filler.
- 3. Grind exposed joints flush and smooth with adjacent finish surface. Make exposed joints butt tight, flush, and hairline. Ease exposed edges to small uniform radius.

### 2.04 FABRICATION TOLERANCES

- A. Squareness: 1/8-inch maximum difference in diagonal measurements.
- B. Maximum Offset Between Faces: 1/16 inch.
- C. Maximum Misalignment of Adjacent Members: 1/16 inch.
- D. Maximum Bow: 1/8 inch in 48 inches.
- E. Maximum Deviation from Plane: 1/16 inch in 48 inches.

### 2.05 2.4 FINISHES - STEEL

- A. Clean surfaces of rust, scale, grease, and foreign matter prior to finishing.
- B. Do not prime surfaces in direct contact with concrete or where field welding is required.
- C. Prime paint items with one coat.
- D. After fabrication, galvanize all members to be exposed to the elements or called out on the drawings as galvanized to ASTM A123. Provide minimum 1.25 oz/sq ft galvanized coating.
- E. Powder coat fabricated elements as indicated on the drawings; color as selected by the architect.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and are ready to receive work.
- B. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly prepared.
- C. Examine system components, substrate, and condition where railing systems are to be installed.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Clean and strip primed steel items to bare metal where site welding is required.
- B. Supply items required to be cast into concrete or embedded in masonry with setting templates, for installation as work of other sections.
- C. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.

### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install components plumb and level, accurately fitted, free from distortion or defects, with tight joints.
- C. Install railings in compliance with ADA Standards for accessible design at applicable locations.
- D. Anchor railings securely to structure.
- E. Field weld components as indicated on shop drawings. Touch-up welds with primer. Grind welds smooth.
- F. Perform field welding in accordance with AWS D1.1
- G. Obtain approval prior to site cutting or making adjustments not scheduled.
- H. After erection, prime welds, abrasions, and surfaces not shop primed or galvanized, except surfaces to be in contact with concrete.
- Secure railing to masonry wall with 3/8" double expansion bolts into solid CMU or completely thru-bolts.

### 3.04 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From Plumb: 1/4 inch (6 mm) per floor level, non-cumulative.
- B. Maximum Offset From True Alignment: 1/4 inch (6 mm).
- C. Maximum Out-of-Position: 1/4 inch (6 mm).

### 3.05 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL/TESTING

A. Field inspection and testing will be performed under provisions of Division 1. The Contractor shall retain a third-party testing agency to perform all testing and inspections required. See listing of acceptable testing agencies in Section 01 45 00.

# 3.06 CLEANING

- A. Remove temporary coverings and protection of adjacent work areas.
- B. Clean railing system promptly after installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Do not use harsh cleaning materials or methods that would damage finish. Do not use abrasive cleaners.

#### 3.07 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products until completion of project. Provide plastic sheet protection for all surfaces of completed installations to prevent damage during remainder of construction activities.
- B. Replace defective or damaged components as directed by Architect.
- C. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

# **END OF SECTION**



#### **SECTION 061000 - ROUGH CARPENTRY**

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Requirements of the General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and Division 1 of these specifications apply to this Section.
- B. Include all labor, materials, appliances, and services necessary to complete all rough carpentry and related work required by the drawings and/or described in this specification.
- C. Generally: Concealed or temporary woodwork; rough and general carpentry duties; necessary wood framing, blocking, sheathing, finishing, trimming, and working of wood or wood fibered materials; all rough carpentry, preparatory work, bracing, propping, protection and boxing, all wood framing, grounds, bucks, wood blocking, furring, and all other general carpentry work. All wood plates as shown on the drawings. All wood blocking required by job conditions.
- D. Fire retardant treated wood materials.

#### 1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ALSC: American Lumber Standards Committee Softwood Lumber Standards.
- B. APA: American Plywood Association.
- C. AWPA (American Wood Protection Association): C1 All Timber Products Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process
- D. NFPA: National Forest Products Association.
- E. SPID Southern Pine Inspection Bureau.
- F. AWPA C20 Structural Lumber -- Fire Retardant Treatment by Pressure Processes; American Wood-Protection Association.
- G. AWPA C27 Plywood -- Fire-Retardant Treatment by Pressure Processes; American Wood-Protection Association.
- H. AWPA U1 Use Category System: User Specification for Treated Wood; American Wood-Protection Association.
- ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware: 2016a.
- J. ASTM D2898 Standard Practice for Accelerated Weathering of Fire-Retardant-Treated Wood for Fire Testing; 2010 (Reapproved 2017).
- K. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023.
- L. AWPA U1 Use Category System: User Specification for Treated Wood; 2022.
- M. PS 20 American Softwood Lumber Standard; 2021.

### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 013000 - Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.

- B. Product Data: Provide list of lumber grades and sizes proposed for use and technical data on panel products.
- C. Product Data: Provide technical data on wood preservative materials and application instructions.

#### 1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform Work in accordance with the following agencies:
  - Lumber Grading Agency: Certified by ALSC.
  - 2. Plywood Grading Agency: Certified by APA.

### 1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. General: Cover wood products to protect against moisture. Support stacked products to prevent deformation and to allow air circulation.
- B. Fire Retardant Treated Wood: Prevent exposure to precipitation during shipping, storage, and installation.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Dimension Lumber: Comply with PS 20 and requirements of specified grading agencies.
  - 1. Species: Standard Grade Douglas Fir, Western Larch, Western Hemlock (WWPA or WCLA) or #2 Dimension Souther Pine (SPIB)., unless otherwise indicated.
  - Blocking: No. 2 Common Grade of any WWPA or WCLA species or No. 2 Southern Pine Boards (SPIB). Blocking shall include any wood material, without regard to size or length, which is required for the secure fastening, stiffening, anchoring, or hanging of any cornice, soffit, eaves, water table, cabinet, counter, or attainment of any profile shall be provided of proper strength to fully secure or support as if fully detailed or specified.
  - 3. Wood blocking or nailers on steel framing shall be bolted thereto. Wood grounds shall also be provided for securing equipment furnished under other Sections of these specifications. Provide block nailers as required for sheet metal work. Blocking adjacent to roof insulation shall be full thickness of insulation and shall finish flush with top surface.
  - 4. Size and Shapes: Nominal sizes shown and specified refer to undressed lumber dimensions. Dress lumber 4 sides (S4S) unless otherwise shown or specified, in accordance with the requirements of the West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau, Grading and Dressing Rules, worked to shapes and patterns shown. All lumber shall be kiln-dried to a moisture content not to exceed 19 percent.
  - 5. All wood blocking shall be fire retardant treated.
  - 6. Plywood Sheathing: thickness as indicated on the drawings, fire retardant treated as indicated on the drawings and/or as required by local Codes.

# 2.02 ACCESSORIES

## A. Fasteners and Anchors:

1. Metal and Finish: Hot-dipped galvanized steel complying with ASTM A153/A153M for high humidity and preservative-treated wood locations, unfinished steel elsewhere.

- 2. Anchors: Toggle bolt type for anchorage to hollow masonry. Expansion shield and lag bolt type for anchorage to solid masonry or concrete. Bolt for anchorages to steel.
- 3. Furnish all rough hardware, nails, spikes, bolts, screws, staples, straps, etc., that are required for proper assembly of building components and materials.

#### 2.03 FACTORY WOOD TREATMENT

- A. Treated Lumber and Plywood: Comply with requirements of AWPA U1 Use Category System for wood treatments determined by use categories, expected service conditions, and specific applications.
  - 1. Fire-Retardant Treated Wood: Mark each piece of wood with producer's stamp indicating compliance with specified requirements.

### B. Fire Retardant Treatment:

- Products:
  - a. Hoover Treated Wood Products, Inc: www.frtw.com/#sle.
- Exterior Type: AWPA U1, Category UCFB, Commodity Specification H, chemically treated and pressure impregnated; capable of providing a maximum flame spread index of 25 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, with no evidence of significant combustion when test is extended for an additional 20 minutes both before and after accelerated weathering test performed in accordance with ASTM D2898.
  - a. Kiln dry wood after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent for lumber and 15 percent for plywood.
  - b. Treat exterior rough carpentry items.
  - c. Do not use treated wood in direct contact with the ground.
- 3. Interior Type A: AWPA U1, Use Category UCFA, Commodity Specification H, low temperature (low hygroscopic) type, chemically treated and pressure impregnated; capable of providing a maximum flame spread index of 25 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, with no evidence of significant combustion when test is extended for an additional 20 minutes.
  - a. Kiln dry wood after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent for lumber and 15 percent for plywood.
  - b. Interior rough carpentry items are to be fire retardant treated.
  - c. Treat rough carpentry items as indicated.
  - d. Do not use treated wood in applications exposed to weather or where the wood may become wet.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 INSPECTION

- A. Inspect all wood and other materials.
- B. Sort out and discard damp, warped or damaged material which would not provide consistent substrates or Underwriters Label Construction as herein specified.

### 3.02 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Select material sizes to minimize waste.
- B. Reuse scrap to the greatest extent possible; clearly separate scrap for use on site as accessory components, including: shims, bracing, and blocking.
- C. Where treated wood is used on interior, provide temporary ventilation during and immediately after installation sufficient to remove indoor air contaminants.

- D. Wood blocking shall be installed as indicated on the drawings to provide an integral component for adjacent structural or architectural materials.
  - 1. Blocking shall be erected true and with tight joints to provide a consistent substrate for surface materials, framing or roof framing. Use the longest lengths practical to minimize jointing.
- E. Install wood framing as indicated on the drawings. Wood framing shall be erected plumb and true and firmly anchored to supporting structures, as indicated on the drawings, to provide a consistently secure strong substrate for covering work. Install blocking, nailers and bridging as required for secure fastening of surface materials and to minimize the flexibility of framing components. Blocking shall be placed four (4) feet on center maximum. All framing and blocking shall be built so that sheathing or finish work joints shall fall on the center of framing or blocking.
  - 1. Set members level and plumb, in correct position.
  - 2. Place horizontal members flat, crown side up.
  - 3. Construct curb members of single pieces.
  - 4. Curb roof openings except where prefabricated curbs are provided. Form corners by alternating lapping side members.
  - Coordinate curb installation with installation of work of other trades.
- F. All wood bucks, blocks, bolts, anchors, etc., shall be furnished and set for building into masonry walls and partitions. All temporary and permanent wood bucks and sub-bucks shall be erected, and all plates, blocking, grounds, furring, stripping, screeds, nailers, etc., shall be securely installed at proper times to suit progress of construction.
- G. Fit carpentry work to other work. Scribe and cope as required for accurate fit. Set carpentry work accurately to required levels and lines with members plumb and true and accurately cut and fitted. Shim with metal or slate for full bearing on concrete or masonry substrates. Set true to line and level, plumb, with intersections true to required angle. Build into masonry as work progresses, cutting to fit masonry unit size involved. Anchor to formwork before concrete placement.
- H. Wood Grounds: Provide wood grounds and blocking of size and shape required for securing trim and attaching other work in place. Set grounds true to line, level or plumb and secure firmly in place. Grounds generally will be dressed square edged, pressure treated and of a thickness required for substantial anchorage and fastening to substrate and remaining flush with adjacent finish surfaces.

#### **END OF SECTION**

#### **SECTION 078413 - PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING**

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes through-penetration firestop systems for penetrations through fireresistance-rated walls, horizontal assemblies and smoke barriers including both empty openings and openings containing penetrating items.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 22 and 23 Sections specifying duct and piping penetrations.
  - 2. Division 26 Sections specifying cable and conduit penetrations.

### 1.02 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Applicable Codes:
  - 1. International Building Code: Current approved edition per AHJ
  - 2. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code: Current approved edition per AHJ

#### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Firestopping: A process whereby materials are used to resist (or stop) the spread of fire and its byproducts through openings made to accommodate penetrations in fire-rated walls, floors and floor/ceiling assemblies. Typical firestopping system comprised of 3 components: Wall or floor; Penetrating item; and, Firestopping material.
- B. Assembly: A wall, floor, or other partition. It may include such things as receptacles, outlet boxes, recessed lighting fixtures, or penetrations.
- C. System: The combination of the assembly, the penetrant(s), and the firestop materials. All of these items, together, constitute the system, and the system is the only basis for the classification.
- D. Intumescent: A class or type of firestop materials that will swell or expand upon exposure to elevated temperatures. Material will also form an insulating char.
- E. Fire Barrier: A fire resistance rated vertical or horizontal assembly of materials designed to restrict the spread of fire in which openings are protected.
- F. Fire Wall: A wall separating buildings or subdividing a building to prevent the spread of fire and having a fire resistance rating. Fire walls a structurally stable such that collapse of construction on either side will not cause the wall to collapse.
- G. Smoke Barrier: A continuous membrane, either vertical or horizontal, that is designed and constructed to restrict the movement of smoke.
- H. Engineering Judgements:
  - Engineering judgements (EJ's) are used when a tested, UL classified system is not available.

- 2. The EJ is based on existing technology and available tested systems.
- 3. EJ's must be conducted by the manufacturer's technical or engineering group. The installing contractor cannot write their own EJ!
- 4. A third-party review of the EJ is required.
- 5. EJ's can only be applied to the specific application for which they were written.
- I. Qualified Contractor Programs: This category covers Contractor firms who have demonstrated knowledge and a comprehensive management system that specifically focus on the selection and installation of firestop systems or spray-applied fire-resistive materials (SFRMs). The audited Contractor firm systems under UL's Qualified Contractor Programs provide an integrated approach to controlling the processes in addressing architectural, Authorities Having Jurisdiction and customer requirements.

### 1.04 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: For penetrations through the following fire-resistance-rated constructions, including both empty openings and openings containing penetrating items, provide through-penetration firestop systems that are produced and installed to resist spread of fire according to requirements indicated, resist passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of construction penetrated.
  - 1. Fire-resistance-rated walls including fire walls.
  - 2. Fire-resistance-rated horizontal assemblies including floors.
- B. Rated Systems: Provide through-penetration firestop systems with the following ratings determined per UL 1479:
  - 1. F-Rated Systems: Provide through-penetration firestop systems with F-ratings indicated, but not less than that equal or exceed fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
  - 2. T-Rated Systems: For the following conditions, provide through-penetration firestop systems with T-ratings indicated, as well as F-ratings, where systems protect penetrating items exposed to potential contact with adjacent materials in occupiable floor areas:
    - a. Penetrations located outside wall cavities.
    - b. Penetrations located outside fire-resistance-rated shaft enclosures.
- C. For through-penetration firestop systems exposed to view, traffic, moisture, and physical damage, provide products that, after curing, do not deteriorate when exposed to these conditions both during and after construction.
  - 1. For piping penetrations for plumbing, provide moisture-resistant through-penetration firestop systems.
  - For floor penetrations with annular spaces exceeding 4 inches in width and exposed to possible loading and traffic, provide firestop systems capable of supporting floor loads involved, either by installing floor plates or by other means.
  - 3. For penetrations involving insulated piping, provide through-penetration firestop systems not requiring removal of insulation.
- D. For through-penetration firestop systems exposed to view, provide products with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, as determined per ASTM E 84.

#### 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated from single manufacturer.
- B. Product Schedule: For each penetration firestopping system. Include location and design designation of qualified testing and inspecting agency. See UL Directory or FM Global.
- C. Shop Drawings: For each through-penetration firestop system, show each type of construction condition penetrated, relationships to adjoining construction, and type of penetrating item. Include firestop design designation of qualified testing and inspecting agency that evidences compliance with requirements for each condition indicated.
  - Submit documentation, including illustrations, from a qualified testing and inspecting agency that is applicable to each through-penetration firestop system configuration for construction and penetrating items.
  - Where Project conditions require modification to a qualified testing and inspecting agency's illustration for a particular penetration firestopping condition, submit illustration, with modifications marked, approved by penetration firestopping manufacturer's fire-protection engineer as an engineering judgment or equivalent fire-resistance-rated assembly. A third-party review of the Engineering Judgement is required.
- D. Qualification Data: For a single source qualified Installer.
- E. Installer Certificates: From Installer indicating penetration firestopping has been installed in compliance with requirements and manufacturer's written recommendations.
- F. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for penetration firestopping.

# 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A firm that has been approved by FM Global according to FM Global 4991, "Approval of Firestop Contractors," or been evaluated by UL and found to comply with its "Qualified Firestop Contractor Program Requirements."
- B. Installer Qualifications: A firm experienced in installing penetration firestopping similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful performance. Qualifications include having the necessary experience, staff, and training to install manufacturer's products per specified requirements. Manufacturer's willingness to sell its penetration firestopping products to Contractor or to Installer engaged by Contractor does not in itself confer qualification on buyer.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain through-penetration firestop systems, for each kind of penetration and construction condition indicated, through one source from a single manufacturer.
- D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Penetration firestopping shall comply with the following requirements:
  - Penetration firestopping is identical to those tested per testing standard referenced in "Penetration Firestopping" Article. Provide rated systems complying with the following requirements:
    - Penetration firestopping products bear classification marking of qualified testing and inspecting agency.
    - Classification markings on penetration firestopping correspond to designations listed by the following:
      - 1) UL in its "Fire Resistance Directory."

E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

## 1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver through-penetration fire-stop system products to Project site in original, unopened containers or packages with intact and legible manufacturers' labels identifying product and manufacturer, date of manufacture, lot number, shelf life if applicable, qualified testing and inspecting agency's classification marking applicable to Project, curing time, and mixing instructions for multicomponent materials.
- B. Store and handle materials for through-penetration firestop systems to prevent their deterioration or damage due to moisture, temperature change, contaminants, or other causes.

#### 1.08 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install penetration firestopping when ambient or substrate temperatures are outside limits permitted by penetration firestopping manufacturers or when substrates are wet because of rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
- B. Install and cure penetration firestopping per manufacturer's written instructions using natural means of ventilations or, where this is inadequate, forced-air circulation.

### 1.09 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate construction of openings and penetrating items to ensure that penetration firestopping is installed according to specified requirements.
- B. Coordinate sizing of sleeves, openings, core-drilled holes, or cut openings to accommodate penetration firestopping.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Hilti Construction Chemicals Division of Hilti Inc.
  - 2. Specified Technologies Inc.
  - 3. 3M Fire Protection Products.

### 2.02 PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING

- A. Provide penetration firestopping that is produced and installed to resist spread of fire according to requirements indicated, resist passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of construction penetrated. Penetration firestopping systems shall be compatible with one another, with the substrates forming openings, and with penetrating items if any.
- B. Penetrations in Fire-Resistance-Rated Walls: Provide penetration firestopping with ratings determined per ASTM E 814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg (2.49 Pa).
  - 1. F-Rating: Not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
- C. Penetrations in Horizontal Assemblies: Provide penetration firestopping with ratings determined per ASTM E 814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg

(2.49 Pa).

- Horizontal assemblies include floors.
- D. Penetrations in Smoke Barriers: Provide penetration firestopping with ratings determined per UL 1479.

#### 2.03 FIRESTOPPING, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide through-penetration firestop systems that are compatible with one another; with the substrates forming openings; and with the items, if any, penetrating through-penetration firestop systems, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by through-penetration firestop system manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- B. Accessories: Provide components for each through-penetration firestop system that are needed to install fill materials and to comply with Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article. Use only components specified by through-penetration firestop system manufacturer and approved by qualified testing and inspecting agency for firestop systems indicated. Accessories include, but are not limited to, the following items:
  - 1. Permanent forming/damming/backing materials, including the following:
    - a. Slag-/rock-wool-fiber insulation.
    - b. Sealants used in combination with other forming/damming/backing materials to prevent leakage of fill materials in liquid state.
    - c. Fire-rated form board.
    - d. Fillers for sealants.
  - 2. Temporary forming materials.
  - 3. Substrate primers.
  - 4. Collars.
  - Steel sleeves.

## 2.04 FILL MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide through-penetration firestop systems containing the types of fill materials indicated in the Through-Penetration Firestop System Schedule at the end of Part 3 by referencing the types of materials described in this Article. Fill materials are those referred to in directories of referenced testing and inspecting agencies as "fill," "void," or "cavity" materials.
- B. Cast-in-Place Firestop Devices: Factory-assembled devices for use in cast-in-place concrete floors and consisting of an outer metallic sleeve lined with an intumescent strip, a radial extended flange attached to one end of the sleeve for fastening to concrete formwork, and a neoprene gasket.
- C. Latex Sealants: Single-component latex formulations that after cure do not re-emulsify during exposure to moisture.
- D. Firestop Devices: Factory-assembled collars formed from galvanized steel and lined with intumescent material sized to fit specific diameter of penetrant.
- E. Intumescent Putties: Nonhardening dielectric, water-resistant putties containing no solvents, inorganic fibers, or silicone compounds.
- F. Intumescent Wrap Strips: Single-component intumescent elastomeric sheets with aluminum foil on one side.

- G. Mortars: Prepackaged dry mixes consisting of a blend of inorganic binders, hydraulic cement, fillers, and lightweight aggregate formulated for mixing with water at Project site to form a non-shrinking, homogeneous mortar.
- H. Pillows/Bags: Reusable heat-expanding pillows/bags consisting of glass-fiber cloth cases filled with a combination of mineral-fiber, water-insoluble expansion agents, and fire-retardant additives.
- Silicone Sealants: Single-component, silicone-based, neutral-curing elastomeric sealants of grade indicated below:
  - a. Grade: Pourable (self-leveling) formulation for openings in floors and other horizontal surfaces, and non-sag formulation for openings in vertical and other surfaces requiring a nonslumping, gunnable sealant, unless indicated firestop system limits use to non-sag grade for both opening conditions.

### 2.05 MIXING

A. For those products requiring mixing before application, comply with through-penetration firestop system manufacturer's written instructions for accurate proportioning of materials, water (if required), type of mixing equipment, selection of mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other items or procedures needed to produce products of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for application indicated.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for opening configurations, penetrating items, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning: Clean out openings immediately before installing penetration firestopping to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and with the following requirements:
  - 1. Remove from surfaces of opening substrates and from penetrating items foreign materials that could interfere with adhesion of penetration firestopping.
  - 2. Clean opening substrates and penetrating items to produce clean, sound surfaces capable of developing optimum bond with penetration firestopping. Remove loose particles remaining from cleaning operation.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- B. Priming: Prime substrates where recommended in writing by manufacturer using that manufacturer's recommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond; do not allow spillage and migration onto exposed surfaces.
- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape to prevent penetration firestopping from contacting adjoining surfaces that will remain exposed on completion of the Work and that would otherwise be permanently stained or damaged by such contact, or by cleaning methods used to remove stains. Remove tape as soon as possible without disturbing firestopping's seal with substrates.

# 3.03 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install penetration firestopping to comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and published drawings for products and applications indicated.

- B. Install forming materials and other accessories of types required to support fill materials during their application and in the position needed to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths required to achieve fire ratings indicated.
  - 1. After installing fill materials and allowing them to fully cure, remove combustible forming materials and other accessories not indicated as permanent components of firestopping.
- C. Install fill materials for firestopping by proven techniques to produce the following results:
  - 1. Fill voids and cavities formed by openings, forming materials, accessories, and penetrating items as required to achieve fire-resistance ratings indicated.
  - 2. Apply materials so they contact and adhere to substrates formed by openings and penetrating items.
  - 3. For fill materials that will remain exposed after completing the Work, finish to produce smooth, uniform surfaces that are flush with adjoining finishes.

#### 3.04 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean off excess fill materials adjacent to openings as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials that are approved in writing by penetration firestopping manufacturers and that do not damage materials in which openings occur.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions during and after installation that ensure that penetration firestopping is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, immediately cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated penetration firestopping and install new materials to produce systems complying with specified requirements.

### 3.05 THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP SYSTEM SCHEDULE

- A. Note that the following schedule is to be used as a guide only and is not intended to include every solution that may be required due to field conditions. See UL listings for system details and applicability. Additional or alternative systems shall be proposed by the contractor as required to satisfy field conditions in order to maintain specified fire ratings. Where UL-classified systems are indicated, they refer to alpha- alpha-numeric designations listed in UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" under product Category XHEZ.
  - 1. Firestop Systems with No Penetrating Items (for circular openings in concrete floors or CMU walls to 6-inch diameter):
    - a. UL-Classified Systems: C-AJ-0060.
  - 2. Firestop Systems with No Penetrating Items (for square or rectangular openings in concrete slabs or CMU walls of up to 36 square feet):
    - a. UL-Classified Systems: C-AJ-0004.
  - Firestop Systems for Insulated Ducts:
    - a. UL-Classified Systems (CMU walls): W-J-7030 or W-J-7114.
    - b. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls): W-J-7051 or W-J-7195.
  - 4. Firestop Systems for Combination Penetrations:
    - uL-Classified Systems (concrete slab or CMU walls): C-AJ-8087, C-AJ-8088, C-AJ-8123, or C-AJ-8135.
    - b. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls): C-AJ-8018, C-AJ-8021, or C-AJ-8039.
  - 5. Firestop Systems for Metallic Pipes, Conduit, or Tubing:

- UL-Classified Systems (concrete slab or CMU walls): C-AJ-1001, C-AJ-1427, or C-AJ-1551.
- b. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls): W-L-1003 or W-L-1296.
- 6. Firestop Systems for Multiple Metallic Pipes, Conduit, or Tubing:
  - a. UL-Classified Systems (concrete slab or CMU walls): C-AJ-1429.
  - b. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls): W-L-1287.
- 7. Firestop Systems for Nonmetallic Pipe, Conduit, or Tubing:
  - a. UL-Classified Systems: (concrete slab or CMU walls): C-AJ-2001.
  - b. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls): W-L-2162.
- 8. Firestop Systems for Insulated Pipes:
  - a. UL-Classified Systems (concrete slab or CMU walls):
    - 1) Insulated Metal Pipe: C-AJ-8072.
    - 2) Glass Fiber Insulated Metal Pipe: C-AJ-5210.
    - 3) Insulated Metal Pipe (AB/PVC Flexible Foam): C-AJ-5211.
  - b. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls):
    - 1) Insulated Metal Pipe: W-L-5011 or W-L-8010.
    - 2) Glass Fiber Insulated Metal Pipe: W-L-5168.
    - 3) Insulated Metal Pipe (AB/PVC Flexible Foam): W-L-5169.
- 9. Firestop Systems for Electrical Cables:
  - a. UL-Classified Systems (concrete slab or CMU walls): C-AJ-3021 or C-AJ-3310.
  - b. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls): W-L-3347 or W-L-3371.
- 10. Firestop Systems for Insulated Electrical Cables via Device:
  - a. UL-Classified Systems (concrete slab or CMU walls): C-AJ-3250.
  - b. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls): W-L-3289.
- 11. Firestop Systems for Cable Trays:
  - a. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls): W-L-4037.
- 12. Firestop Systems for Multiple Conduit:
  - a. UL-Classified Systems (framed gypsum walls): W-L-1228 or W-L-1255.

## **SECTION 079200 - JOINT SEALANTS**

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Preparing substrate surfaces
- B. The required applications of sealants include, but are not limited to, the following general locations in new work, or in areas disturbed by the work of this project:
  - 1. Interior:
    - a. Metal Door and window frames
    - b. Joints at all surfaces to receive opaque finish
    - c. Perimeter of elevator hoistway wrap to adjacent wall surfaces.
    - d. Other as indicated
- C. Joint backings and accessories.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 142410 - Modernization of Hydraulic Elevators

## 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C790 Use of Latex Sealing Compounds.
- B. ASTM C804 Use of Solvent-Release Type Sealants.
- C. ASTM C834 Latex Sealing Compounds.
- D. ASTM C920 Elastomeric Joint Sealants.
- E. ASTM D1565 Flexible Cellular Materials Vinyl Chloride Polymers and Copolymers.
- F. SWRI (Sealant, Waterproofing and Restoration Institute) Sealant and Caulking Guide Specification.
- G. ASTM C1193 Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants; 2016.

## 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical datasheets for each product to be used; include the following:
  - 1. Physical characteristics, including movement capability, VOC content, hardness, cure time, and color availability.
  - 2. List of backing materials approved for use with the specific product.
  - 3. Substrates that product is known to satisfactorily adhere to and with which it is compatible.
  - 4. Substrates the product should not be used on.
- C. Samples for Verification: Where custom sealant color is specified, obtain directions from Architect and submit at least two physical samples for verification of color of each required sealant.

- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures, surface preparation and perimeter conditions requiring special attention.
- E. Submit manufacturer's certification that field-applied joint sealants installed in building interior meet testing and product requirements of California Department of Health Services Standard Practice for The Testing Of Volatile Organic Emissions From Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers, including 2004 Addenda.
  - 1. At minimum, products need to comply with VOC limits specified in LEED-for Schools if alternatives tested to CA protocol are not available.

## F. Executed warranty.

## 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum five years documented experience.
- B. Perform work in accordance with sealant manufacturer's requirements for preparation of surfaces and material installation instructions.
- C. Specified work shall be installed by skilled tradesmen, experienced in the application of the types of materials.
- D. Applicator: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum five years documented experience., including installation of products by chosen manufacturer.
- E. Manufacturer shall provide qualified technical representative at project site when required for purpose of rendering advice concerning proper installation.

## 1.06 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Maintain temperature and humidity recommended by the sealant manufacturer during and after installation. Apply compound prior to final coat of paint.

## 1.07 PRODUCT DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE

A. Deliver all materials to job site in factory sealed and labeled containers; label shall show: Manufacturer, Type, Date of Manufacture, Shelf Life, Curing Time at 70 degrees F, Color and Manufacturer's Instructions.

## 1.08 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate the work with all sections referencing this section.

### 1.09 WARRANTY

- A. Provide five-year warranty under provisions of Division 1.
- B. Warranty: Include coverage for installed sealants and accessories which fail to achieve air tight seal, water tight seal and exhibit loss of adhesion or cohesion, or do not cure.
- C. Products shall provide a minimum 30-year performance guarantee.

## 1.10 MAINTENANCE DATA

A. Provide under the provisions of Division 1.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

#### A. Sealants:

- 1. Bostik Inc
- 2. Pecora Corporation
- 3. Sika Corporation
- 4. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing

#### 2.02 JOINT SEALANTS - GENERAL

- A. Back-up Materials: Flexible closed cell, expanded polystyrene or polyethylene round rodding, with diameter 1.333 times width of joint
- B. Interior Sealant: Acrylic Emulsion Latex Type C: ASTM C834, single component; color as selected by the Architect. Pecora AC-20, Tremco 834, or Bostik Chem-Calk 600.
- C. Interior Walls/Floors (Ceramic Tile): Basis-of-Design Pecora Urexpan NR-201, one part, self-leveling, moisture curing polyurethane sealant, designed for horizontal joints, Fed. Spec. TT-5-00230C, Type I, ASTM C920, color as selected by the Architect
- D. Primers, Cleaners and Bond Breaker Tape: Provide as recommended by sealant manufacturer's installation instructions for the conditions and locations indicated on the drawings.
- E. All sealants and sealant primers must meet or exceed Bay Area Air Quality Management District Reg. 8, Rule 51.

### 2.03 ACCESSORIES

- A. Primer: Non-staining type, recommended by sealant manufacturer to suit application.
- B. Joint Cleaner: Non-corrosive and non-staining type, recommended by sealant manufacturer; compatible with joint forming materials.
- C. Joint Backing: ASTM D1056; round, closed cell polyethylene foam rod; oversized 30 percent larger than joint width; manufactured by Dow Chemical, Sonneborn or approved equivalent.
- D. Bond Breaker: Pressure sensitive tape recommended by sealant manufacturer to suit application.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that joints are ready to receive work.
- B. Verify that backing materials are compatible with sealants.

## 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Remove loose materials and foreign matter that could impair adhesion of sealant.
- B. Clean joints, and prime as necessary, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Perform preparation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and ASTM C1193.

D. Mask elements and surfaces adjacent to joints from damage and disfigurement due to sealant work; be aware that sealant drips and smears may not be completely removable.

#### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Install this work in accordance with sealant manufacturer's requirements for preparation of surfaces and material installation instructions.
- B. Provide joint sealant installations complying with ASTM C1193.
- C. Measure joint dimensions and size joint backers to achieve the following, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Width/depth ratio of 2:1.
  - 2. Neck dimension no greater than 1/3 of the joint width.
  - 3. Surface bond area on each side not less than 75 percent of joint width.
- D. Install bond breaker backing tape where backer rod cannot be used.
- E. Install sealant free of air pockets, foreign embedded matter, ridges, and sags, and without getting sealant on adjacent surfaces.
- F. Do not install sealant when ambient temperature is outside manufacturer's recommended temperature range, or will be outside that range during the entire curing period, unless manufacturer's approval is obtained and instructions are followed.
- G. Nonsag Sealants: Tool surface concave, unless otherwise indicated; remove masking tape immediately after tooling sealant surface.

## 3.04 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent soiled surfaces.

## 3.05 PROTECTION OF FINISHED WORK

- A. Protect finished installation under provisions of Division 1.
- B. Protect sealants until cured.

## **SECTION 096429 - WOOD STRIP AND PLANK FLOORING**

## PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Wood strip and plank flooring, nailed.
- B. Secondary subflooring.
- C. Sheet vapor retarder.

## 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 016116 Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content Restrictions: Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content Restrictions.
- B. Section 061000 Rough Carpentry: Wood overlay subfloor surface.
- C. Section 099300 Staining and Transparent Finishing: Stain and transparent surface materials for application in this section.

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM D3676 Standard Specification for Rubber Cellular Cushion Used for Carpet or Rug Underlay; 2018.
- B. ASTM E492 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Impact Sound Transmission through Floor-Ceiling Assemblies Using the Tapping Machine; 2022.
- C. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a.
- D. ICC-ES AC380 Acceptance Criteria for Termite Physical Barrier Systems; 2014, with Editorial Revision (2017).
- E. NWFA (IG) Installation Guidelines; Current Edition.
- F. NWFA/NOFMA International Standards for Unfinished Wood Flooring; 2018.

## 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data for flooring.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate standard and special installation procedures.
- D. Sustainable Design Documentation: Submit VOC content documentation for field-applied adhesives, stains, finish coatings, and sealers.
- E. Maintenance Data: Include maintenance procedures and recommended maintenance materials.

#### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Perform work of this section in accordance with NWFA/NOFMA.

- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least three years of documented experience.

#### 1.06 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install wood flooring until wet construction work is complete and ambient air at installation space has moisture content stabilized at maximum moisture content of 40 percent.
- B. Provide heat, light, and ventilation prior to installation.
- C. Store materials in area of installation for minimum period of 24 hours prior to installation.
- D. Maintain minimum room temperature of 65 degrees F (18 degrees C) for a period of two days prior to delivery of materials to installation space, during installation, and after installation.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Hardwood Strip and Plank Flooring: Match existing.

#### 2.02 MATERIALS

- Wood Strip Flooring to match existing.
- B. Flooring Nails: Type recommended by flooring manufacturer.
- C. Subflooring: 3/8" x 16 GA. Channels on Pads to match existing.
- D. Vapor Retarder: Black polyethylene sheet, 8 mil (0.2 mm) thick; 2 inch (50 mm) wide tape for joint sealing.

## 2.03 ACCESSORIES

A. Wood Base: Same species as flooring; match existing.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify existing conditions before starting this work.
- B. Verify that required floor-mounted utilities are in correct location.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrate to receive wood flooring in accordance with manufacturer's and NWFA instructions.
- B. Broom clean substrate.

## 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Sheathing Paper: Place over wood subfloor; lap edges and ends 2 inches (50 mm), staple in place.
- B. Underlayments: Install in accordance with underlayment manufacturer's instructions.

## C. Wood Flooring:

- Install in accordance with manufacturer's and NWFA instructions; predrill and blind nail to subfloor.
- 2. Lay flooring parallel to length of room areas. Verify alignment as work progresses.
- 3. Arrange flooring with end matched grain set flush and tight.
- 4. Terminate flooring at centerline of door openings where adjacent floor finish is dissimilar; provide divider strips and transition strips in accordance with flooring manufacturer's recommendations and as indicated.
- 5. Install edge strips at unprotected or exposed edges, and where flooring terminates.
- 6. Secure edge strips before installation of flooring with stainless steel screws.
- 7. Install flooring tight to floor access covers.
- 8. Provide 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) expansion space at fixed walls and other interruptions.

## D. Finishing:

- 1. Mask off adjacent surfaces before beginning sanding.
- 2. Sand flooring to smooth even finish with no evidence of sander marks. Take precautions to contain dust. Remove dust by vacuum.
- 3. Apply finish in accordance with floor finish manufacturer's instructions.
- 4. Apply first coat, allow to dry, then buff lightly with steel wool to remove irregularities. Vacuum clean and wipe with damp cloth before applying succeeding coat.
- 5. Lightly buff between coats with steel wool and vacuum clean before applying succeeding coat.
- 6. Apply last coat of finish.

#### 3.04 CLEANING

A. Clean and polish floor surfaces in accordance with floor finish manufacturer's instructions.

## 3.05 PROTECTION

- A. Prohibit traffic on floor finish for 48 hours after installation.
- B. Place protective coverings over finished floors; do not remove coverings until Date of Substantial Completion.



## **SECTION 099123 - INTERIOR PAINTING**

## PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Surface preparation.
- B. Field application of paints.
- C. Scope: Finish interior surfaces exposed to view, unless fully factory-finished and unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Do Not Paint or Finish the Following Items:
  - 1. Items factory-finished unless otherwise indicated; materials and products having factory-applied primers are not considered factory finished.
  - 2. Items indicated to receive other finishes.
  - 3. Items indicated to remain unfinished.
  - 4. Fire rating labels, equipment serial number and capacity labels, bar code labels, and operating parts of equipment.
  - 5. Floors, unless specifically indicated.
  - 6. Glass.
  - 7. Concealed pipes, ducts, and conduits.

## 1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 40 CFR 59, Subpart D National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Architectural Coatings; U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; current edition.
- B. ASTM D4442 Standard Test Methods for Direct Moisture Content Measurement of Wood and Wood-Based Materials; 2020.
- C. MPI (APL) Master Painters Institute Approved Products List; Master Painters and Decorators Association; Current Edition.
- D. MPI (APSM) Master Painters Institute Architectural Painting Specification Manual; Current Edition.
- E. SSPC-SP 1 Solvent Cleaning; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2016).
- F. SSPC-SP 2 Hand Tool Cleaning; 2018.
- G. SSPC-SP 13 Surface Preparation of Concrete; 2018.

#### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide complete list of products to be used, with the following information for each:
  - 1. Manufacturer's name, product name and/or catalog number, and general product category (e.g., "alkyd enamel").
  - 2. MPI product number (e.g., MPI #47).

- B. Samples: Submit three paper "draw down" samples, 8-1/2 by 11 inches (216 by 279 mm) in size, illustrating range of colors available for each finishing product specified.
  - 1. Where sheen is specified, submit samples in only that sheen.
- C. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - Extra Paint and Finish Materials: 1 gallon (4 L) of each color; from the same product run, store where directed.
  - Label each container with color in addition to the manufacturer's label.

## 1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver products to site in sealed and labeled containers; inspect to verify acceptability.
- B. Container Label: Include manufacturer's name, type of paint, brand name, lot number, brand code, coverage, surface preparation, drying time, cleanup requirements, color designation, and instructions for mixing and reducing.
- C. Paint Materials: Store at minimum ambient temperature of 45 degrees F (7 degrees C) and a maximum of 90 degrees F (32 degrees C), in ventilated area, and as required by manufacturer's instructions.

#### 1.05 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not apply materials when surface and ambient temperatures are outside the temperature ranges required by the paint product manufacturer.
- B. Follow manufacturer's recommended procedures for producing best results, including testing of substrates, moisture in substrates, and humidity and temperature limitations.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Provide paints and finishes used in any individual system from the same manufacturer; no exceptions.
- B. Provide products as indicated on drawings. All paint products to be made by MCPS approved manufacturers:
  - 1. Sherwin Williams
  - 2. McCormick Paints
  - PPG Paints

## 2.02 PAINTS AND FINISHES - GENERAL

- A. Paints and Finishes: Ready-mixed, unless intended to be a field-catalyzed paint.
  - 1. Where MPI paint numbers are specified, provide products listed in Master Painters Institute Approved Product List, current edition available at www.paintinfo.com, for specified MPI categories, except as otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Provide paints and finishes of a soft paste consistency, capable of being readily and uniformly dispersed to a homogeneous coating, with good flow and brushing properties, and capable of drying or curing free of streaks or sags.

- Provide materials that are compatible with one another and the substrates indicated under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- 4. Supply each paint material in quantity required to complete entire project's work from a single production run.
- 5. Do not reduce, thin, or dilute paint or finishes or add materials unless such procedure is specifically described in manufacturer's product instructions.

## B. Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content:

- 1. Provide paints and finishes that comply with the most stringent requirements specified in the following:
  - 40 CFR 59, Subpart D--National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Architectural Coatings.
    - 1) Flat Paints and Coatings: 50 g/L.
    - 2) 2. Nonflat Paints and Coatings: 50 g/L.
    - 3) 3. Dry-Fog Coatings: 150 g/L.
    - 4) 4. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: 100 g/L.
    - 5) 5. Rust-Preventive Coatings: 100 g/L.
    - 6) 6. Zinc-Rich Industrial Maintenance Primers: 100 g/L.
    - 7) 7. Pretreatment Wash Primers: 420 g/L.
    - 8) 8. Shellacs, Clear: 730 g/L.
    - 9) 9. Shellacs, Pigmented: 550 g/L.
- C. Colors: As indicated on drawings.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that surfaces are ready to receive work as instructed by the product manufacturer.
- B. Examine surfaces scheduled to be finished prior to commencement of work. Report any condition that may potentially affect proper application.
- C. Test shop-applied primer for compatibility with subsequent cover materials.
- D. Measure moisture content of surfaces using an electronic moisture meter. Do not apply finishes unless moisture content of surfaces is below the following maximums:
  - 1. Gypsum Wallboard: 12 percent.
  - 2. Masonry, Concrete, and Concrete Masonry Units: 12 percent.
  - 3. Interior Wood: 15 percent, measured in accordance with ASTM D4442.

## 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly and correct defects prior to application.
- B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.
- C. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.

- 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- D. Seal surfaces that might cause bleed through or staining of topcoat.

#### E. Concrete:

- Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be coated exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- Prepare surface as recommended by top coat manufacturer and according to SSPC-SP 13.

### F. Masonry:

- Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content, alkalinity of surfaces, or if alkalinity of mortar joints exceed that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions. Allow to dry.
- 2. Prepare surface as recommended by top coat manufacturer.
- 3. Clean surfaces with pressurized water. Use pressure range of 600 to 1,500 psi (4,140 to 10,350 kPa) at 6 to 12 inches (150 to 300 mm). Allow to dry.
- G. Gypsum Board: Fill minor defects with filler compound. Spot prime defects after repair.
- H. Galvanized Surfaces:
  - 1. Remove surface contamination and oils and wash with solvent according to SSPC-SP 1.
  - 2. Prepare surface according to SSPC-SP 2.
- I. Wood Surfaces to Receive Opaque Finish: Wipe off dust and grit prior to priming. Seal knots, pitch streaks, and sappy sections with sealer. Fill nail holes and cracks after primer has dried; sand between coats. Back prime concealed surfaces before installation.
- J. Wood Doors to be Field-Finished: Seal wood door top and bottom edge surfaces with clear sealer.
- K. Metal Doors to be Painted: Prime metal door top and bottom edge surfaces.

# 3.03 APPLICATION

- A. Apply products in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual".
- B. Do not apply finishes to surfaces that are not dry. Allow applied coats to dry before next coat is applied.
- C. Apply each coat to uniform appearance in thicknesses specified by manufacturer.
- D. Sand wood and metal surfaces lightly between coats to achieve required finish.
- E. Vacuum clean surfaces of loose particles. Use tack cloth to remove dust and particles just prior to applying next coat.
- F. Reinstall electrical cover plates, hardware, light fixture trim, escutcheons, and fittings removed prior to finishing.

# 3.04 CLEANING

A. Collect waste material that could constitute a fire hazard, place in closed metal containers, and remove daily from site.

# 3.05 PROTECTION

- A. Protect finishes until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up damaged finishes after Substantial Completion.



## **SECTION 144200 - WHEELCHAIR LIFTS**

## PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Commercial vertical platform wheelchair lifts.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Division 26 Sections for electrical service for lifts to and including disconnect and fused switches at machine room.

## 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- B. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- C. ASME A18.1 Safety Standard for Platform Lifts and Stairway Chairlifts; 2020.
- D. ICC A117.1 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities; 2017.
- E. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

## 1.04 REQUIREMENTS OF REGULATORY AGENCIES:

- A. Fabricate and install work in compliance with applicable jurisdictional authorities.
- B. File shop drawings and submissions with local authorities as the information is made available. Company pre-inspection and jurisdictional authority inspections and permits are to be made on timely basis as required.

## 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
  - Construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components, and finishes for lifts.
  - 2. Rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, safety features, controls, finishes, and accessories.
  - 3. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
  - 4. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 5. Installation methods.
- C. Shop Drawings: Provide a complete layout of lift equipment detailing dimensions and clearances as required.
  - Include plans, elevations, sections, details, attachments to other work, and required clearances.

- 2. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, and points of load to building structure.
- 3. Include details of equipment assemblies, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
- 4. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- D. Selection Samples: For each finish product specified requiring selection of color or finish, two complete sets of color charts representing manufacturer's full range of available colors and patterns.

## 1.06 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For manufacturer and Installer.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of lift. Include statement that runway, ramp or pit, dimensions as shown on Drawings, and electrical service as shown and specified are adequate for lift being provided.
- C. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

#### 1.07 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For each type of lift to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
  - 1. In addition to items specified in Section 01 78 20 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
    - a. Parts list with sources indicated.
    - b. Recommended parts inventory list.
- B. Inspection and Acceptance Certificates and Operating Permits: As required by authorities having jurisdiction for normal, unrestricted use of lifts.
- C. Continuing Maintenance Proposal: Submit a continuing maintenance proposal from Installer to Owner, in the form of a standard two-year maintenance agreement, starting on date initial maintenance service is concluded. State services, obligations, conditions, and terms for agreement period and for future renewal options.

#### 1.08 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Minimum 2 years experience installing similar products, and acceptable to the manufacturer.
  - 1. Skilled tradesmen shall be employees of the installing contractor approved by the manufacturer, with demonstrated ability to perform the work on a timely basis.
  - 2. Execute work of this section only by a company that has adequate product liability insurance.
  - 3. Maintenance Proximity: Not more than two hours' normal travel time from Installer's place of business to Project site.

## 1.09 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.
- B. Store and dispose of solvent-based materials, and materials used with solvent-based materials, in accordance with requirements of local authorities having jurisdiction.

## 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Use of wheelchair lifts during construction for hoisting materials or personnel is not permitted.
- B. Maintain environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, and ventilation) within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install systems under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's absolute limits.

## 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of lifts that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Special Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- 2. The manufacturer shall offer a 36-month limited warranty on parts from date of shipment. PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with ASME A18.1, ASME A17.1, applicable local codes, and authorities having jurisdiction (AHJ).
- B. Accessibility Requirements: Comply with ADA Standards and ICC A117.1.
- C. Structural Performance: Comply with ASCE 7 for loading of wheelchair lift components and assemblies.
- D. Perform welding of steel in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- E. Perform electrical work in accordance with NFPA 70.

## 2.02 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Manufacturer: Savaria
  - 1. Premier Lifts, a division of Savaria USA, Rep Jay Strickler, 410.561.7006 x201, jay.strickler@premierlifts.com
- B. Additional Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - 1. Garaventa Genesis, Shaftway Vertical Platform Lift
  - 2. Ascension, Clarity
  - 3. Bruno Platform Lift

## 2.03 COMMERCIAL WHEELCHAIR LIFT

- A. Hydraulic Vertical Platform Lifts:
  - 1. Savaria Multilift Enclosure at Stage.
  - 2. Savaria Multilift at Ochestra Pit.
- B. Screw Vertical Platform Lift: A vertical platform lift consisting of a tower with a lifting platform to be used indoor or outdoor and commercial and residential applications..
- C. Provide equipment, incidental material, and labor required for complete, operable screw drive wheelchair lift installation. Erected, installed, adjusted, tested, and placed in operation by lift system manufacturer, or authorized installer.

- 1. Standards Compliance:
  - a. ASME A18.1 and ADAAG compliant (USA).
- D. Preparatory work to receive lifts specified is part of the work of other sections:
  - 1. Permanent 120 VAC, 20 amp single phase power to operate lift from lockable fused/cartridge type disconnect switch with auxiliary contacts for battery operation. Refer to drawings for power specifications and location of disconnects. Temporary power may be provided to expedite installation of lift.
  - 2. Rough openings per lift contractor's shop drawings.
  - 3. Substantial, level pit floor slab as indicated on lift contractor's shop drawings.

## E. Characteristics:

- 1. Rated Load: 750 lb (340 kg).
- 2. Rated Speed: 8 fpm (0.04 m/s).
- 3. Car Dimensions (WxD): Stage: 36 x 48 inches. Pit Lift: 42 x 60 inches
- 4. Levels Serviced: 2.
- 5. Car Configuration: Stage Lift: Front/rear exit. Pit Lift: 90 degree access
- 6. Travel: Stage: 43 1/2 inches; Pit Lift: 32 inches. Verify existing conditions in field.
- 7. Pit Depth: 3 inches; No ramp required.
- 8. Powder Coat Finish: Almond beige.
- 9. Operation: Constant pressure.
- 10. Power Supply: 120 volt, 20 amp, 1 phase, 60 Hz. Coordinate with Manufacturer Shop Drawings
- 11. Drive system: ACME Screw and back-up nut.
- 12. Manual Emergency Operation: Manual hand crank to lower or raise platform.
- 13. Emergency Power: 24VDC Battery raising and lowering.
- 14. Controller: Relay logic based controller.
- 15. Motor/Pump: 1 HP (2.24 kw), gear type.

#### F. Car Enclosure:

- Side Guards of Platform at Pit: Full car, steel frame, powder coat finish, and steel panel inserts, to 42 inches (1067 mm) high. Car floor to have anti-skid painted finish in manufacturer's standard color.
- Side Guards of Platform at Stage: Full car, steel frame, powder coat finish, and steel panel inserts, to 86 inches (2184 mm) high. Car floor to have anti-skid painted finish in manufacturer's standard color.

## G. Doors and Gates:

- 1. Stage Lift Auditorium Level (D2):
  - a. Door Type: 80 inches (2032 mm) high 1-1/2 hour UL/ULC fire-rated Prodoor with concealed hinges and concealed electro/mechanical interlock vision panel.
  - b. Flush closing operation with hoistway side.

- Operation: Automatic; concealed 24 volt door opener with battery back-up for firerated door.
- d. Door Width: 36 inches clear opening.
- Stage Lift Stage Level (D1):
  - a. Door Type: 80 inches (2032 mm) high 1-1/2 hour UL/ULC fire-rated Prodoor with concealed hinges and concealed electro/mechanical interlock.
  - b. Flush closing operation with hoistway side.
  - Operation: Automatic; concealed 24 volt door opener with battery back-up for firerated door.
  - d. Door Width: Stage: 42 inches clear opening
- Pit Lift Auditorium Level (D3):
  - a. Door/Gate Type: 42 inches (1067 mm) high low profile aluminum gate with a concealed electro/mechanical interlock.
  - b. Flush closing operation with hoistway side.
  - c. Operation: Automatic; surface mounted gate opener for low profile aluminum gate.
  - d. Door/Gate Width: 42 inches
- 4. Pit Lift Auditorium Level (D4):
  - Door/Gate Type: 42 inches (1067 mm) high low profile aluminum gate with a concealed electro/mechanical interlock.
  - b. Flush closing operation with hoistway side.
  - c. Operation: Automatic; surface mounted gate opener for low profile aluminum gate.
  - d. Door/Gate Width: 36 inches
- H. Call Stations: Flush, surface or door frame mounted landing call/send stations.
  - 1. Key Switch: Keyed; removable in off position.
- I. Lift Enclosure:
  - 1. Made entirely of aluminum for durability against corrosion.
  - 2. Enclosure frames and panels fully assembled and screwed together from inside enclosure for ease of assembling and quick installation time.
  - 3. Enclosure inserts replaceable from inside of enclosure for ease of service.
  - 4. Fully Enclosed Unit: No. Lift will be open at upper landing.
- J. Car Operation:
  - 1. Operating Panel: Constant pressure buttons, emergency stop button and an on/off key switch, when applicable.
  - 2. Auxiliary lighting: Battery operated. Rechargeable with automatic recharging system.
- K. Acme Screw Drive: 1 inch (25 mm) diameter and back-up nut.
- L. Stopping Device: Limit switches to be inaccessible to unauthorized persons. Located behind mast wall and accessible through removable panels.
- M. Terminal Stopping Device: At top and bottom of runway stopping car positively and automatically.
- N. Steel Guide 'C' Rails and Brackets: To guide platform and sling. Rails to part of structural integrity of unit and be integral to mast enclosure, ensuring stability and minimum platform deflection when loaded.

- O. Car Sling: Steel tubing 44 inches (1116 mm) high with bracing to support platform and car enclosure. Roller guide shoes mounted on top and bottom of car sling to engage guide rails. Guide shoes to be roller type with 3 inches (76 mm) diameter wheels. Nylon guide shoes are not be used.
- P. Wiring and Electrical Connections: Comply with applicable codes. Insulated with flame-retardant and moisture-proof outer covering. Run in conduit or electrical wire ways if outside the unit enclosure. Use quick disconnect harnesses when possible.
- Q. Materials: For exposed parts of lift.
  - 1. Walls and Ceiling: Rolled steel sheet, ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, commercial steel, Type B, exposed, matte finish, 16 GA; or ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304. Powder coat paint.
  - 2. Floor: Rolled steel sheet, ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, commercial steel, Type B, exposed, matte finish, 11 GA reinforced with 3/16 inch (4.7 mm) steel edge. Anti-skid grey powder coat paint.
  - 3. Outdoor Version: Zinc plated, ASTM B633 Type II Fe/Zn8.
  - 4. Hoistway Doors: Aluminum extrusion 6063 with ASTM A653 galvannealed steel panels, powder coat paint.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that areas and conditions comply with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting this work.
- B. Verify that locations for electrical rough-in connections to system equipment are in acceptable locations before installing equipment.
- C. Verify that electrical power is available and of correct characteristics.
- D. Do not proceed with installation until hoistway and machine room has been properly prepared.
- E. If substrate preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.
- F. Site dimensions shall be taken to verify that tolerances and clearances have been maintained and meet local regulations.

## 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare surfaces of substrates using methods in accordance with lift manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Clean surfaces thoroughly before starting installation of lifts.

## 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Install all the components of the lift system that are specified in this section to be provided, and that are required by jurisdictional authorities to license the lift.
- B. Trained employees of the lift contractor shall perform all installation work of this section.
- C. Adjust lift for proper operation and clean unit thoroughly.

- D. Instruct users in operation procedures and Owner's maintenance person in trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures.
- E. Wiring Method: Conceal conductors and cables within housings of units or building construction. Do not install conduit exposed to view in finished spaces. Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess and without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii.
- F. Coordinate runway doors with platform travel and positioning, for accurate alignment and minimum clearance between platforms, runway doors, sills, and door frames.
- G. Position sills accurately and fill space under sills solidly with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout.
- H. Adjust stops for accurate stopping and leveling at each landing, within required tolerances.
  - Leveling Tolerance: 1/4 inch (6 mm) up or down, regardless of load and direction of travel.
- Lubricate operating parts of lift, including drive mechanism, guide rails, hinges, safety devices, and hardware.
- Test safety devices and verify smoothness of required protective enclosures and other surfaces.

#### 3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Acceptance Testing: On completion of lift installation and before permitting use of lifts, perform acceptance tests as required and recommended by ASME A18.1 and authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Operating Test: In addition to acceptance testing, load lifts to rated capacity and operate continuously for 30 minutes between lowest and highest landings served. Readjust stops, signal equipment, and other devices for accurate stopping and operation of system.
- C. Advise Owner, Architect, and authorities having jurisdiction in advance of dates and times tests are to be performed on lifts.

## 3.05 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall include 24 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of lift Installer. Include quarterly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper lift operation. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
  - 1. Perform maintenance during normal working hours.
  - Perform emergency callback service during normal working hours with response time of two hours or less.
  - Include 24-hour-per-day, 7-day-per-week emergency callback service with response time of two hours or less.
- B. Maintenance contract is to be executed independently from replacement contract. Within the lift replacement bid, include a line item for maintenance costs. Maintenance contract will be executed based off cost submitted within replacement bid.

## 3.06 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain lifts. Include a review of emergency systems and emergency procedures to be followed at time of operational failure and other building emergencies.
- B. Check operation of lifts with Owner's personnel present and before date of Substantial Completion. Determine that operating systems and devices are functioning properly.
- C. Check operation of lifts with Owner's personnel present not more than one month before end of warranty period. Determine that operating systems and devices are functioning properly.

## 3.07 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

#### SECTION 260501 - ELECTRICAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

#### PART 1. GENERAL

#### 1.1. DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. The general conditions form a part of this specification and contract and shall be carefully examined by each bidder before submitting his proposal. Where general conditions clauses are repeated, in this section of the specification, it shall be understood as calling special attention to them, or as a further clarification, and shall not be assumed as negating any part of the general conditions clause. No general conditions clause referring to the work included herein shall be considered as waived unless stated herein.
- B. The Contractor shall provide all supervision, labor, material, equipment, machinery, plant, and any and all other items necessary to complete the electrical systems. All items of equipment are specified in the singular; however, the Contractor shall provide the number of items of equipment as indicate on the drawings, and as required for complete systems.
- C. The work "provide" as used in specifications and on plans shall mean furnish and install, complete and ready for use.
- D. Singular reference to any item shall be construed to apply to as many devices as are required for the complete job.

## E. Intent:

- 1. It is the intention of these specifications and drawings to call for finished work, tested, and ready for operation. Wherever the word "provide" is used, it shall mean "furnished and install complete and ready to use".
- 2. Minor details not usually shown or specified, but necessary for the proper installation and operation, shall be included in the work, the same as if herein specified or shown.

# 1.2. PERMITS, LICENSES, INSPECTIONS AND CERTIFICATES OF APPROVAL

- A. All the work shall be performed in accordance with the latest applicable editions of the NEC, NFPA, and all local codes and regulations. Where any portion of the systems shown on the drawings is not in accordance with all applicable laws, ordinances, regulations or codes, this Contractor shall make all changes required by enforcing authorities in a manner approved by the Engineer and at no additional cost to the Owner.
- B. This Contractor shall order and obtain all necessary tests, permits and certificates of approval and pay any required fees for same.
- C. Upon completion of the entire system covered by these specifications, a certificate of approval from the different departments having jurisdiction, shall be obtained and then delivered to the Owner. This certificate will in no way relieve this Contractor from the terms of his warranty.
- D. This Contractor is assumed to be skilled in the trade and is solely responsible for compliance with health and safety regulations, performing the work in a safe and

- competent manner, and in installation procedures required for the work as outlined in these documents.
- E. The Contractor shall give all necessary notices, obtain all permits and pay all government sales taxes, fees, and other costs, including utility connections or extensions, in connection with his work; file all necessary plans, prepare all documents and obtain all necessary approvals of all governmental departments having jurisdiction; obtain all required certificates of inspection of his work and deliver same to the Architect before request for acceptance and final payment for work.
- F. All material and equipment for the electrical portion of the mechanical systems shall bear the approval label or shall be listed by the Underwriter's Laboratories, Incorporated.

## 1.3. RESPONSIBILITY OF BIDDERS

A. This Contractor shall examine the drawings, specifications and job site and fully inform himself of all existing conditions and work required by the drawings and specifications before submitting his bid. Waiver of responsibility or request for additional payment based on lack of knowledge of conditions at the site will not be accepted or considered.

## 1.4. QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer's Qualifications: Firms regularly engaged in manufacture of Mechanical Equipment, of types and capacities required, whose products have been in satisfactory use in similar service for not less than 5 years.
- B. Installer's Qualifications: Firms with at least 5 years of successful installation experience with projects utilizing mechanical systems similar to those required for this project.
- C. Should the Contractor discover any discrepancies between actual measurements and those indicated, which prevents following good practice or the intent of the drawings and specifications, he shall notify the Architect, and shall not proceed with his work until he has received instructions from the Architect.
- D. The Contractor shall protect all work and material from damage and shall be liable for any damages caused.
- E. The Contractor shall be responsible for work and equipment until finally inspected, tested, and accepted; he shall protect work against theft, injury or damage; and shall carefully store material and equipment received on site which are not immediately installed. Contractor shall close open ends of work with temporary covers or plugs during storage and construction to prevent entry of obstructing material.
- F. Material and Workmanship: All materials and devices required for the work, except as otherwise noted on the plans, shall be new and shall be furnished and installed in strict conformance with manufacturer's written instructions and shall be so selected an arranged as to fit properly into the allocated space. Where no specific kind or quality or material is given, a first-class standards article shall be furnished.

## 2.1 COOPERATION WITH OTHER TRADES:

A. Contractor shall give full cooperation to other trades and shall furnish in writing to the general contractor any information necessary to permit the work of all trades to be installed satisfactorily and with the least possible interference or delay.

- B. Where required on the plans, Contractor shall prepare composite working drawings and sections at a suitable scale not less than ½" = 1'0", clearly showing how work of all affected trades is to be installed, If work is installed before coordinating with other trades, or so as to cause any interference with work of other trades, then the necessary changes in work shall be made to correct the condition without extra charge.
- C. The Contractor shall obtain and transmit between affected trades, all necessary templates, patterns, setting plans, and shop details for the proper installation of work and for the purpose of coordinating adjacent work.

## 2.1 QUESTIONS AND CLARIFICATIONS OF BID DOCUMENTS

A. Bidders shall not rely on any verbal clarification of the drawings or specifications. Any questions or clarifications shall be referred to the Architect/engineer at least five working days prior to bidding to allow for issuance of an addendum. After the five-day deadline, bidder shall make a decision and qualify the bid, if the bidder feels it necessary.

### 2.1 REQUIRED SUBMITTALS

- A. Refer to the Conditions of the Contract (General and Supplementary) and Section "SUBMITTALS" for submittal definitions, requirements, and procedures.
- B. Submittal of shop drawings, product data, and samples will be accepted only when submitted by this Contractor. Data submitted from subcontractors and material suppliers directly to the Architect/Engineer will not be processed.
- C. Prior to starting any installation, submit six (6) copies (PDF format submittals are acceptable in lieu of hard paper copies) of items proposed for this work with necessary illustrations, drawings, and engineering data for review by the engineer. Submit in time to allow no less than 10 working days for checking and transmittal without delaying the construction schedule. Submit all items at one time no less than 30 days after award of the contract.
- D. Submittal shall be clearly marked to show the intended item, with identification as to unit number or other marking to show location, service, and function. Submittal not marked to identify the equipment and applications will be rejected.
- E. Any equipment installed without prior acceptance shall be subject to rejection unless such items were identified by name and model number in the bid documents.
- F. The Contractor, by submitting the above, certifies that the materials or equipment proposed are satisfactory for the application intended, included adverse conditions that may prevail at the job site, and that the materials and equipment are in current production with no known plans to cease production.
- G. The Contractor agrees that the submittals processed by the engineer are not change orders; that the purpose of submittal by Contractor is to demonstrate to the engineer that Contractor understands the design concept and that this understanding is demonstrated by indicating which equipment and materials Contractor intends to furnish and install and the fabrication and installation methods Contractor intends to use.
- H. Contractor further agrees that if deviations, discrepancies, or conflicts between submittal and contract documents are discovered either prior or after submittal are processed by the engineer, the Contract Documents shall control and shall be followed.
- I. Submittals shall include:

1. All equipment and materials provided under these specifications unless otherwise indicated on the plans.

#### 2.1 SHOP DRAWINGS SUBMITTALS:

- A. The Contractor shall submit for approval detailed shop drawings for all equipment and all material required to complete the project, and no material or equipment may be delivered to the job site or installed until the Contractor has in his possession the approved shop drawings for the particular material or equipment. The shop drawings shall be complete as described herein.
- B. Prior to delivery of any material to job site, and sufficiently in advance of requirements to allow Architect ample time for checking, submit for approval detailed, dimensioned drawings or cuts, showing construction, size, arrangement, operating clearances, performance characteristics and capacity. Each item of equipment proposed shall be a standard catalog product of an established manufacturer and of equal quality, finish, and durability to that specified.
- C. Samples, drawings, specifications and catalogs, submitted for approval, shall be properly labeled indicating specific service for which material or equipment is to be used, section and article number of specifications governing, Contractor's name, and name of job.
- D. Catalogs, pamphlets, or other documents submitted to describe items on which approval is being requested, shall be specific and identification in catalog, pamphlet, etc. of item submitted shall be clearly made in ink. Data of a general nature will not be accepted.
- E. Approval rendered on shop drawings shall not be considered as a guarantee of measurements or building conditions. Where drawings are approved, said approval does not mean that drawings have been checked in detail; said approval does not in any way relieve the Contractor from his responsibility or necessity of furnishing material or performing work as required by the contract drawings and specifications.
- F. Failure of the Contractor to submit shop drawings in ample time for checking shall not entitle him to an extension of contract time, and no claim for extension by reason of such default will be allowed.

## 2.1 DRAWINGS:

- A. Drawings are diagrammatic and indicate the general arrangement of systems and work included in the contract. The architectural drawings and details shall be examined for exact location of fixtures and equipment. Where they are not definitely located, this information shall be obtained from the owner's representative.
- B. The Contractor shall coordinate his work with drawings of other trades to verify spaces in which work will be installed. Maintain maximum headroom and space conditions at all points. Where headroom or space conditions appear inadequate, the Architect shall be notified before proceeding with installation.

#### 2.1 PRIOR APPROVAL AT BIDDING

A. Any equipment or components proposed for this project, other than model numbers named in the bid documents, shall have pertinent submittal data and descriptive cover sheet submitted to the Architect with a copy (PDF format submittals are acceptable in lieu of hard paper copies) to the Engineer 10 days prior to the bid date for inclusion in an

- addendum if, and when, reviewed and accepted for bidding.
- B. This submission is for the purpose of reviewing bids and is not to be regarded as a submittal required for construction.
- C. Bidder shall base the bid on items of equipment actually named in bid documents or addendum issued prior to bidding. Verbal acceptance will not be recognized unless verified in writing. It is the bidders's responsibility to ascertain that all equipment has been accepted by requiring copies of the written acceptance from suppliers.

## 2.1 PRODUCT OPTIONS AND SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Refer to the Instructions to Bidders and Section "SUBMITTALS" for requirements in selecting products and requesting substitutions.
- B. When any material or equipment is identified on the plans or in the Specifications by reference to ONE manufacturer's name or model number it is intended to establish a required standard f design and quality, and it is not intended to limit competition. It is understood that the phrase "or approved equal" is hereby inserted following the one manufacturer's name, whether such phrase occurs or not.
- C. When the drawings and/or Specifications indicate one or two manufacturer's names for material or equipment, the bidder may submit a bid based on material and equipment of manufacturers not named but considered by the bidder to be equal to the standard of design and quality specified; however, such substitution must be approved by the Architect/Engineer as equal.
- D. When two or more items of same material or equipment are required (plumbing fixtures, pumps, valves, air conditioning units, etc.) they shall be of the same manufacturer. Product manufacturer uniformity does not apply to raw materials, bulk materials, pipe, tube, fittings (except flanged and grooved types), sheet metal, wire, steel bar stock, welding rods, solder, fasteners, motors for dissimilar equipment units, and similar items used in Work, except as otherwise indicated.
- E. Provide products which are compatible within systems and other connected items.

## 2.1 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL DEVIATION

A. When it becomes necessary to digress from the design indicated, four sets of shop drawings showing all details of the proposed layout shall be submitted for approval. All such submitted data shall be approved before any work is performed.

# B. Equipment Deviations:

- Where the Contractor proposes to use an item of equipment other than that specified or detailed on the drawings, which requires any redesign of the structure, partitions, foundations, piping, wiring or any other part of the mechanical, electrical or architectural layout, all such redesign, and all new drawings and detailing required therefore shall be prepared by the contractor at his own expense as approved by the Architect.
- Where such approved deviation requires a different quantity and arrangement of ductwork, piping, wiring, conduit and equipment form that specified or indicated on the drawings, the Contractor shall furnish and install any such ductwork, piping, structural supports, insulation, controllers, motors, starters, electrical wiring, and conduit, and any other additional equipment required by the system, at no additional

cost to the owner.

# PART 2. PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 WARRANTIES

- A. This Contractor shall guarantee the entire installation to be free from defects for a minimum of two years from the date of acceptance by the Owner. Any defects in material or workmanship occurring during the guarantee period shall be corrected at no cost to the Owner.
- B. Contractor's warranty shall include at least two inspections per year. Repair and replace any items found defective during the warranty period. The first shall be approximately six months after the acceptance of the system by the owner and the second at the end of each year.
- C. Compile and assemble the warranties specified in Division I5, in three ring binders, tabulated and indexed for easy reference.
- D. Provide complete warranty information for each item to include: identification of product or equipment, date of beginning of warranty or bond, duration of warranty or bond and names, addresses, and telephone numbers and procedures for filling a claim and obtaining warranty services.

## PART 3. EXECUTION

#### 3.1 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Install and connect motor starters furnished under other Divisions, including all power wiring from power source through starters to equipment.
- B. Furnish all thermal overload elements for each starter provided.
- C. Verify current characteristics and rotation of all motors.
- D. Provide wiring of pressure switches, flow and tamper switches furnished and installed by others.
- E. Furnish all loose motor starters, combination starters and disconnect switches, and starters which are mounted in or on, shipped with, or otherwise a part of mechanical equipment.
- F. Furnish and install all duct smoke detectors.

#### 3.2 WORKMANSHIP

A. All work shall be performed by competent mechanics using proper tools and equipment to produce first- quality work. All work shall be neatly installed, accessible for maintenance, and complete with all accessories required.

## 3.3 WORK BY OTHER TRADES

A. Cutting, patching, furring, painting, electrical, plumbing, etc., shall be done by the affected trade at this Contractor's expense for changes required in work already installed

or work required by other trades for changes made by this Contractor in type or size of equipment purchased.

## 3.4 WORK NOT INCLUDED

B. Openings in floors, walls, and roof shall be furnished by the general Contractor. This Contractor shall inform the general Contractor of the location and size required. This Contractor shall furnish all sleeves, frames, including framing between joist unless shown on the Architectural or Structural drawings, access doors, prefabricated curbs, and other accessories necessary for a complete installation. Only those items specifically shown and/or specified in other Sections are excluded.

#### 3.5 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- A. Examine all services, equipment, surfaces etc., which this work is any way dependent upon. Should this Contractor discover any conditions which will prevent following good practice or result in less than a first-class installation, this Contractor shall notify the Architect/Engineer immediately and shall not proceed with his work until he has received instructions from the Architect/Engineer.
- B. Work shall be protected at all times from damage by persons or weather and all damaged work restores to a new condition before final acceptance.
- C. This Contractor shall coordinate all his work with the General Contractor for the exact location of chases, furring spaces, dropped ceilings, structure penetrations, etc.

#### 1.1 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. This Contractor shall provide all cutting and patching necessary to install the work specified in this section. Patching shall match adjacent surfaces.
- B. No structural members shall be cut without the approval of the structural engineer, and all such cutting shall be done in a manner directed by him.

## 1.2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Upon completion of all work and all tests, Contractor shall furnish the necessary skilled labor and helpers for operating his system and equipment for a period of three (3) days of eight (8) hours each, or as otherwise specified. During this period, instruct the Owner or his representative fully in the operations, adjustment and maintenance of all equipment furnished, Give at least forty-eight (48) hours notice to the Owner in advance of this period.
- B. The Contractor shall furnish four (4) complete bound sets to the Architect of typewritten or blueprinted instructions for operating and maintaining all systems and equipment included in this contract. All instructions shall be submitted in draft, for approval, prior to final issue. Manufacturer's advertising literature or catalogs will not be acceptable for operating and maintenance instructions.
- C. The Contractor, in the above mentioned instructions, shall include the maintenance schedule for the principal items of equipment furnished under this contract.

### 1.3 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

A. Thoroughly clean all equipment and remove all trash, cartons, etc., from the area. Make any necessary corrections to repair/replace any damaged materials or

- equipment. Leave the entire system in a thoroughly clean and orderly manner.
- B. Any finished surfaces that have been scratched or discolored shall be touched up or repainted with paint to match the original color. If any part has been bent, broken, or otherwise damaged, it shall be replaced prior to final review.

## 1.4 ACCEPTANCE AND SERVICE

A. Final acceptance will not be made until all work has been completed, Warranties, Operation and Maintenance Manuals and Balancing reports have been submitted, and heating and air conditioning systems have been in operation for a minimum of fifteen days.

#### SECTION 260510 - DEMOLITION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. The work under this section shall conform to the requirements of "Division 1, General Requirements," "Conditions of the Contract" and " Supplementary Conditions".

## 1.2 WORK INCLUDED

A. Provide all labor, rigging, cranes, trucking and disposition of all equipment and other items no longer required for the electrical system of the building

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - Not Applicable

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Demolish and remove portions of electrical equipment necessary to make way for new construction indicated or specified, or as may become necessary to accomplish desired results. No extra charge may be made for demolition work not specifically indicated or specifies unless, in the Architect's opinion, it is beyond scope of Contract Documents.
- B. Demolition shall be carried out with care so that portions of the week that are to remain will be undamaged. Clear away debris and demolished material at frequent intervals. Do not allow debris to accumulate to extent it will interfere with week or passage of workmen.
- C. Cooperate with and coordinate demolition with work of other trades. Supervise and assist removing and replacing of existing materials for installation of mechanical and electrical items. Remove and replace or replace-route electrical installations as indicated and specified or required for installation of new work or remodeling.
  - D. Connecting work and new work in extension of existing work shall correspond in all respects with that to which it connects, or similar existing work, unless otherwise indicated or specified. Existing work shall be cut drilled, altered or temporarily removed and replaced as necessary for performance of Contract. No structural member shall be cut or altered without authorization of Architect. Work remaining in place that is damaged or defaced by work under this Contract shall be restored equal to the condition oat time of award of Contract.

#### 3.2 SALVAGE

A. Owner assumes no responsibility for loss or damage to materials or structures on site, salvage value of which Contractor may have reflected in is bid.

B. All existing electrical equipment no longer required, located in renovated or altered areas of the project, shall be carefully removed Equipment shall be removed from the site and disposed of by the Contractor.

#### 3.3 COOPERATION

- A. The Contractor shall provide, install and maintain safety and dust barriers as required by applicable health and safety regulations.
- B. The Contractor shall give twenty four (24) hours advance notice to the authorities when work is to be performed which might endanger traffic.

## 3.4 TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION, STORAGE OR SAFETY FENCE

A. Contractor shall provide, install and maintain temporary fencing in accordance with all applicable health and safety regulations, and as he may deem necessary, at his own expense.

#### 3.5 EXISTING WORK

- A. The contractor shall be responsible for keeping all life safety, elevators, heating and cooling equipment operational at all times during the demolition and replacement of electrical equipment. Temporary power shall be provided as required and where required as part of this contract.
- B. Protection of existing work: existing work to remain and existing work to be relocated shall be protected from damage. Work damaged by the contractor shall be repaired at no additional cost to the owner. Cover equipment as necessary to protect is from dust and debris. Floors to remain shall be covered to protect them from damage. At the end of each working day and during inclement weather, close exterior openings with weather proof covers.
- C. Prior to starting the work, contractor shall perform a circuit tracing to test the existing work to remain (outlets, lighting, light switches wiring etc.) For proper operation and branch circuit origination. A written report shall be prepared indicating any deficiencies and recommended repairs. Submit four (4) copies of this report to the architect/owner for review. No additional charges will be considered after completion of the work, to repair/connect existing outlets unless these were described in the report.
- D. The continuity of all existing circuits which are to remain operational shall be maintained throughout the facility. Contractor shall identify all circuits that supply power to areas to remain, mark these circuits and make sure their power is not interrupted due to demolition and new construction.
- E. Contractor shall x-ray or use ground penetrating radar to determine the location of steel reinforcement, electrical conduits, water piping etc. in the concrete floor slab prior to core drilling, cutting the slab or chiseling to install new sleeves, conduits, floor boxes etc. Detection of concrete embedded items (steel, piping or conduits) shall be performed prior to purchasing any devices affected by this work.

## 3.6 CONNECTIONS

- A. Reconnect conduit as may be required.
- B. Provide blank cover plates on all existing outlets not reused.

#### 3.7 CLEANING

- A. Clean all construction dirt after demolition as occurred.
- B. Clean up: remove debris and rubbish from the site at the end of each working day.

## 3.8 TEMPORARY POWER

- A. Provide temporary service as necessary for lighting and power equipment. coordinate temporary requirements with general contractor. temporary lighting and power shall meet OSHA requirements and local codes. temporary power voltage shall be as required.
- B. Due to the fact that the existing panelboards directories are incomplete in many cases, contractor shall make a careful inspection of all of the existing electrical power and systems prior to the modification of the existing space. Physically verify and label all existing panels to remain and associated branch circuits.
- C. Contractor shall remove all abandoned power and communications wiring and conduit from existing receptacles, telephone, data, cctv and cable tv outlets to be removed under the demolition phase.

## 3.9 DEMOLITION

- A. Protect existing electrical equipment and installations indicated to remain. If damaged or disturbed in the course of the Work, remove damaged portions and install new products of equal capacity, quality, and functionality.
- B. Accessible Work: Remove exposed electrical equipment and installations, indicated to be demolished, in their entirety.
- C. Abandoned Work: Cut and remove raceways and wiring, indicated to be abandoned in place, 2 inches (50 mm) below the surface of adjacent construction. Cap raceways and patch surface to match existing finish.
- D. Remove demolished material from Project site.
- E. Remove, store, clean, reinstall, reconnect, and make operational components indicated for relocation.

## 3.10 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Cut, channel, chase, and drill floors, walls, partitions, ceilings, and other surfaces required to permit electrical installations. Perform cutting by skilled mechanics of trades involved.
- B. Repair and refinish disturbed finish materials and other surfaces to match adjacent undisturbed surfaces. Install new fireproofing where existing firestopping has been disturbed. Repair and refinish materials and other surfaces by skilled mechanics of trades involved.

C. Cut and patch existing surfaces to match adjacent surfaces. END OF SECTION 260510

## SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
  - 2. Construction requirements for concrete bases.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 26 Section "Vibration And Seismic Controls For Electrical Systems" for products and installation requirements necessary for compliance with seismic criteria.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.
- B. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.
- C. RMC: Rigid metal conduit.

# 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design supports for multiple raceways, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Design supports for multiple raceways capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems and its contents.
- C. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.
- D. Rated Strength: Adequate in tension, shear, and pullout force to resist maximum loads calculated or imposed for this Project, with a minimum structural safety factor of [five] <Insert number> times the applied force.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Steel slotted support systems.
  - Nonmetallic slotted support systems.

- B. Shop Drawings: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer.] Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations for the following:
  - 1. Trapeze hangers. Include Product Data for components.
  - 2. Steel slotted channel systems. Include Product Data for components.
  - 3. Nonmetallic slotted channel systems. Include Product Data for components.
  - 4. Equipment supports.
- C. Welding certificates.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

#### 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- B. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4, factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
  - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - Allied Tube & Conduit.
    - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
    - c. ERICO International Corporation.
    - d. GS Metals Corp.
    - e. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
    - f. Unistrut; Tyco International, Ltd.
    - g. Wesanco, Inc.
    - h. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
  - 3. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
  - 4. Nonmetallic Coatings: Manufacturer's standard PVC, polyurethane, or polyester coating applied according to MFMA-4.
  - 5. Painted Coatings: Manufacturer's standard painted coating applied according to MFMA-4.
  - 6. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.

- B. Nonmetallic Slotted Support Systems: Structural-grade, factory-formed, glass-fiber-resin channels and angles with 9/16-inch- (14-mm-) diameter holes at a maximum of 8 inches (200 mm) o.c., in at least 1 surface.
  - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - Allied Tube & Conduit.
    - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
    - c. Fabco Plastics Wholesale Limited.
    - d. Seasafe, Inc.
    - e. < Insert manufacturer's name>.
  - 3. Fittings and Accessories: Products of channel and angle manufacturer and designed for use with those items.
  - 4. Fitting and Accessory Materials: Same as channels and angles[, except metal items may be stainless steel].
  - 5. Rated Strength: Selected to suit applicable load criteria.
- C. Raceway and Cable Supports: As described in NECA 1 and NECA 101.
- D. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: [Steel] [Steel and malleable-iron] hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- E. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for non-armored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be malleable iron.
- F. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- G. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
  - Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
    - a. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - b. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
      - Hilti Inc
      - 2) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
      - 3) MKT Fastening, LLC.
      - 4) Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.; Masterset Fastening Systems Unit.
      - 5) < Insert manufacturer's name>.
  - 2. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, [zinc-coated] [stainless] steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials in which used.

- a. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- b. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1) Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
  - 2) Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc.
  - 3) Hilti Inc.
  - 4) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
  - 5) MKT Fastening, LLC.
  - 6) <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- 3. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units similar to MSS Type 18; complying with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
- Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58, type suitable for attached structural element.
- 5. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
- 6. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
- 7. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

## 2.2 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

- A. Description: Welded or bolted, structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.
- B. Materials: Comply with requirements in Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for steel shapes and plates.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems except if requirements in this Section are stricter.
- B. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMT, IMC, and RMC as [required by] [scheduled in NECA 1, where its Table 1 lists maximum spacings less than stated in] NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch (6 mm) in diameter.
- C. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted [or other] support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least [25] <Insert number> percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
  - Secure raceways and cables to these supports with [two-bolt conduit clamps] [single-bolt conduit clamps using spring friction action for retention in support channel].
- D. Spring-steel clamps designed for supporting single conduits without bolts may be used for 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) and smaller raceways serving branch circuits and communication systems above suspended ceilings and for fastening raceways to trapeze supports.

## 3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this Article.
- B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, [EMT] [IMC] [RMC] [EMT, IMC, and RMC] may be supported by openings through structure members, as permitted in NEPA 70.
- C. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb (90 kg).
- D. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
  - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
  - 2. To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts.
  - 3. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
  - 4. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
  - 5. Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches (100 mm) thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches (100 mm) thick.
  - 6. To Steel: [Welded threaded studs complying with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, with lock washers and nuts] [Beam clamps (MSS Type 19, 21, 23, 25, or 27) complying with MSS SP-69] [Spring-tension clamps].
  - 7. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
  - 8. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate[by means that meet seismic-restraint strength and anchorage requirements].
- E. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid reinforcing bars.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with installation requirements in Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for site-fabricated metal supports.
- B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

# 3.4 CONCRETE BASES

- A. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated but not less than 4 inches (100 mm) larger in both directions than supported unit, and so anchors will be a minimum of 10 bolt diameters from edge of the base.
- B. Use [3000-psi (20.7-MPa)] <Insert value>, 28-day compressive-strength concrete. Concrete materials, reinforcement, and placement requirements are specified in

Division 03 Section "[Cast-in-Place Concrete] [Cast-in-Place Concrete (Limited Applications)]."

- C. Anchor equipment to concrete base.
  - 1. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
  - 2. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
  - 3. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.

## 3.5 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
  - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils (0.05 mm).
- B. Touchup: Comply with requirements in Division 09 [painting Sections] [Section "High-Performance Coatings"] for cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal.
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

#### SECTION 262813 - FUSES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION REQUIREMENTS

## A. Submittals:

- 1. Product Data.
- 2. Maintenance Material Submittals: Quantity equal to 20% of each fuse type and size, but no fewer than 3 of each type and size.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NEMA FU 1 for cartridge fuses.

## 2.2 CARTRIDGE FUSES

A. Characteristics: NEMA FU 1, nonrenewable cartridge fuses with voltage ratings consistent with circuit voltages.

# 2.3 SPARE-FUSE CABINET

- A. Cabinet: Gray, baked-enamel finish; wall-mounted, steel unit with full-length, recessed piano-hinged door and key-coded cam lock and pull.
  - 1. Size: Adequate for storage of spare fuses specified with 15 percent spare capacity minimum.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 FUSE APPLICATIONS

- A. Service Entrance: Class L, Class RK1, Class RK1, Class J.
- B. Feeders Class L, Class RK1, Class J.
- C. Motor Branch Circuits: Class RK1, Class RK5, Class J, time delay.
- D. Other Branch Circuits: Class RK1, time delay, Class RK5, time delay, Class J.
- E. Control Circuits: Supplemental Class Fuses.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install fuses so rating information is readable without removing fuse.
- B. Install labels indicating fuse replacement information on inside door of each fused switch and adjacent to each fuse block and holder.
- C. Install spare-fuse cabinet(s).

#### SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION REQUIREMENTS

A. Submittals: Product Data.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMNTS

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

#### 2.2 FUSIBLE AND NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Fusible Switches, 600 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, [Type GD] [Type HD], that accommodate specified fuses, and with lockable handle interlocked with cover in closed position.
- B. Nonfusible Switches, 600 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, [Type GD] [Type HD], with lockable handle interlocked with cover in closed position.
- C. Shunt Trip Switches: Comply with [ASME A17.1,] UL 50, and UL 98, with 200-kA interrupting and short-circuit current rating when fitted with Class J fuses.

## 2.3 MOLDED-CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

- A. Description: Comply with UL 489, NEMA AB 1, and NEMA AB 3, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.
  - 1. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
  - 2. Electronic Trip Circuit Breakers: Field-replaceable rating plug, rms sensing, with field-adjustable instantaneous trip settings.
  - 3. Current-Limiting Circuit Breakers: Frame sizes 400 A and smaller and letthrough ratings less than NEMA FU 1, RK-5.
  - 4. GFCI Circuit Breakers: Single- and two-pole configurations with 5-mA trip sensitivity.
  - 5. GFEP Circuit Breakers: Single- and two-pole configurations with 5-mA trip sensitivity.

#### B. Features and Accessories:

- Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HID for feeding fluorescent and high-intensity discharge (HID) lighting circuits.
- 2. Shunt Trip: Trip coil energized from separate circuit, with coil-clearing contact.

## 2.4 ENCLOSURES

- A. NEMA AB 1, NEMA KS 1, NEMA 250, and UL 50, to comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
  - 1. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
  - 2. Kitchen Areas: NEMA 250, Type 4X, stainless steel.
  - 3. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install individual wall-mounted switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Comply with mounting and anchoring requirements specified in Section 260500 "Common Work Results for Electrical."
- C. Install fuses in fusible devices.
- D. Comply with NECA 1.

## 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
  - Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.